

# Three-Year Evaluation Plan for the Ameren Electric & Gas Residential and Commercial Portfolios

#### **Draft**

# **Prepared for:**

**AMEREN UTILITIES** 

Prepared by:

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# 1. Overview of the Ameren Portfolio

This document is the three-year evaluation plan for the Ameren portfolio of commercial, industrial, and residential energy efficiency resources. Opinion Dynamics Corporation, along with its subcontractors, The Cadmus Group, Navigant Consulting, and Michael's Engineering (the Opinion Dynamics team or the team), have been contracted by Ameren to provide an independent evaluation of the 2011-2014 electric and natural gas energy efficiency programs. In this document, we provide a high-level overview of the planned evaluation activities for each program year and the reasons for the choices made. Each program year will also have a detailed evaluation plan provided in a separate document. We will return to the three-year plan each year and review it to inform a detailed annual plan. While we have a set objective to obtain impact values as required by legislation, priorities around specific evaluation tasks may change from year to year.

# 1.1 AMEREN'S PORTFOLIO OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCES

In 2007, the Illinois legislature mandated that electric utilities must use energy efficiency and demand-response measures to reduce electric load.¹ In 2009, Ameren voluntarily began a gas energy efficiency program as well. As such, June 2007 through May 2011 marked the first three-year cycle for energy efficiency resources in Ameren service territory (Plan 1). (Note that all Ameren programs begin on June 1 and end the following calendar year on May 31.) The current plan, Plan 2, consists of the next three program years (PY) which began on June 1, 2011 and will continue to May 31, 2014.

As stated in their filed plan, Ameren's portfolio comprises measures bundled into 13 programs (and one pilot) that provide diversity of opportunities for customers of all rate classes (Table 1).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 8-103(f) and 8-104(f) of the Public Utilities Act (Act), 220 ILCS 5/1-101 et seq.

**Table 1. Description of Portfolio Programs** 

| Program  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Residential - Lighting                         | Provides incentives to the manufacturing and retail partners to increase sales of qualified lighting whereby the end-user receives a discount on the price of ENERGY STAR® qualified or other high-efficiency lighting products.   |
| Residential - HVAC                             | Provides HVAC diagnostics/tune-up, retrofit, and replacement upgrades for air conditioners, heat pumps, and heating and cooling systems, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.   |
| Residential - Behavior<br>Modification         | Uses Home Energy Reports to provide customers with a profile of their energy use, energy efficiency tips, portfolio program information, and a comparison of their energy usage to their "neighbors," encouraging reduced energy use, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |
| Residential - Home Energy<br>Performance (HEP) | Provides a home energy audit, direct install measures, and follow up sealing and insulation measures, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |
| Electric Space Heat Pilot                      | Provides a home energy audit, direct install measures, blower door-assisted air sealing at no cost to targeted Ameren customers living in older homes with electric space heat. Provides customized report for follow up sealing and insulation measures through HEP and HVAC program. |
| Residential - Appliance Recycling              | Provides an incentive to a customer for removing an inefficient refrigerator whereby a turnkey appliance recycling company verifies customer eligibility, schedules pick-up appointments, picks up appliances, recycles and disposes of units, and performs incentive processing.      |
| Residential - Multifamily                      | Provides installation of measures in tenant spaces and common area lighting, exit signs, in addition to walk-through audits and incentives for complex measures, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.   |
| Residential - Moderate Income (Subset of HEP)  | Provides increased incentives for energy efficiency improvements and retrofits in moderate income households, achieving both gas and electric energy savings. (This program is also called Warm Neighbors, Cool Friends)   |
| Residential - Energy Efficient<br>Products     | Promotes measures such as ENERGY STAR high-efficiency water heaters, window ACs, smart strips, and pool pumps through the mid-stream and upstream levels, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |
| Residential - ENERGY STAR New<br>Homes         | Targets builders with a package of training, technical, and marketing assistance, and incentives for construction of ENERGY STAR homes, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |
|  | Incents customers to purchase energy efficient measures  |

| Program                        | Description  |
|--------------------------------|--|
|                                | with predetermined savings values and fixed incentive levels, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |
| Business - Custom Incentive    | Applies to energy efficient measures that do not fall into the Standard Incentive program. These projects normally are complex and unique, requiring separate incentive applications and calculations of estimated energy savings, achieving both gas and electric energy savings. |
| Business - Retro-Commissioning | Provides options and incentives for businesses to improve operations and maintenance practices for buildings, systems, and processes, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |
| Business - New Construction    | Provides incentives to overcome cost barriers to incorporating energy efficient building design and construction, achieving both gas and electric energy savings.  |

Note: Ameren also has a Residential and Business - Demand Response effort that the evaluation team will

The priorities in this plan are set by the following:

- Ameren has stipulated that the evaluation team perform at least one process evaluation and one impact assessment for each program at some point in the Plan 2 period.2
- The Order also requires that the evaluation team obtain verified participation rates for all programs for each year.
- Additionally, Ameren agreed with the ICC to use updated net-to-gross ratios (NTGRs) in its Plan 3 filing. As such, the evaluation team must set the priorities across all programs to enable new NTGRs prior to Ameren filing its plan for all programs – with one exception the Residential New Construction program. The Residential New Construction Program is a new program with limited savings expected. Our evaluation will address the NTGR for Residential New Construction in PY6 after the program has had time to increase participation.
- Finally, the ICC has specified certain parameters for the evaluation effort (specifically around the use of NTG and per unit values). These are described in Section 1.2 of this plan.

It should be noted that the portfolio has PY4 energy goals of slightly over 270 GWh and 3.7 million therms with somewhat lower electrical savings and higher therm savings for the following program years (Table 2). Ameren has goals for energy (i.e., MWh and therms), but no statutory required goals for demand.

Table 2 presents the values in order of magnitude within the residential or commercial portfolio based on a fuel neutral MMBTU energy savings. For example, the table lists Residential Energy Efficiency Products above Appliance Recycling due to the substantial therm savings expected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note that additional process, impact or market research will be conducted as budget allows.

Table 2. Portfolio Planned Savings by Program Year

|                                    |     |         |             |         | Ar   | nual M  | IW   |                      |           |           |
|------------------------------------|-----|---------|-------------|---------|------|---------|------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Program                            | TRC | Annı    | ual MWh Sav | rings   |      | Savings | 3    | Annual Therm Savings |           |           |
|                                    |     | PY4     | PY5         | PY6     | PY4  | PY5     | PY6  | PY4                  | PY5       | PY6       |
| RES-Lighting                       | 2.3 | 82,485  | 61,974      | 42,418  | 2.5  | 1.9     | 1.3  | 0                    | 0         | 0         |
| <b>RES-Behavioral Modification</b> | 1.7 | 21,705  | 21,705      | 21,705  | 4.9  | 4.9     | 4.9  | 664,517              | 664,517   | 664,517   |
| RES-HVAC                           | 1.4 | 13,448  | 14,187      | 15,109  | 6.4  | 6.8     | 7.2  | 896,800              | 1,147,316 | 1,480,704 |
| RES-Efficient Products             | 1.5 | 11,079  | 11,999      | 13,110  | 2.3  | 2.4     | 2.7  | 324,590              | 463,622   | 552,133   |
| RES-Appliance Recycling            | 2   | 19,889  | 20,070      | 16,036  | 2.9  | 2.9     | 2.3  | 0                    | 0         | 0         |
| RES-Multi-family                   | 1.9 | 4,874   | 5,217       | 5,285   | 0.9  | 1       | 1    | 247,116              | 290,831   | 313,078   |
| RES- Home Energy Performance       | 1.4 | 2,593   | 2,665       | 2,728   | 0.7  | 0.7     | 0.7  | 100,890              | 103,916   | 107,034   |
| RES-Moderate Income                | 1.4 | 1,732   | 1,774       | 1,800   | 0.5  | 0.5     | 0.5  | 64,850               | 66,795    | 68,799    |
| RES-New Construction               | 1   | 273     | 304         | 329     | 0.1  | 0.1     | 0.1  | 12,831               | 14,268    | 15,449    |
| RES-Voltage Optimization           | 1.1 | 0       | 0           | 0       | 4.5  | 4.5     | 4.5  | 0                    | 0         | 0         |
| RESIDENTIAL Portfolio Total        | 1.7 | 158,078 | 139,895     | 118,521 | 25.5 | 25.6    | 25.1 | 2,311,593            | 2,751,267 | 3,201,714 |
| BUS-Standard                       | 1.7 | 47,815  | 40,648      | 37,334  | 20.2 | 17.2    | 15.8 | 1,145,345            | 1,306,813 | 1,429,883 |
| BUS-Custom                         | 2   | 55,620  | 54,490      | 50,648  | 16.3 | 15.9    | 14.8 | 189,043              | 210,919   | 223,281   |
| BUS-New Construction               | 1.3 | 8,194   | 7,123       | 6,454   | 2.9  | 2.5     | 2.2  | 51,483               | 50,035    | 47,131    |
| BUS-RCx                            | 3   | 3,309   | 3,196       | 3,019   | 0.8  | 0.8     | 0.7  | 5,654                | 5,002     | 4,651     |
| BUSINESS Portfolio Total           | 1.8 | 114,938 | 105,458     | 97,456  | 40.1 | 36.3    | 33.5 | 1,391,525            | 1,572,768 | 1,704,945 |
| AMEREN PORTFOLIO TOTAL             | 1.8 | 273,534 | 245,871     | 216,495 | 65.6 | 61.9    | 58.7 | 3,735,017            | 4,355,658 | 4,942,447 |

Source: Ameren Filing Dated: January 20, 2011.

Ameren's annual portfolio costs are close to \$60 million each year. Table 3 below orders the program costs by PY4 costs.

**Table 3. Portfolio Planned Costs by Program Year** 

| Program                      | Annual Pro  | ogram Costs (\$ millions) |       |      |       |  |  |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------|------|-------|--|--|
|                              | PY4         |                           | PY5   |      | PY6   |  |  |
| RES-Lighting                 | \$<br>7.00  | \$                        | 5.21  | \$   | 3.74  |  |  |
| RES-HVAC                     | \$<br>6.84  | \$                        | 8.07  | \$   | 9.69  |  |  |
| RES-Efficient Products       | \$<br>3.31  | \$                        | 3.59  | \$   | 3.99  |  |  |
| RES-Appliance Recycling      | \$<br>2.66  | \$                        | 2.77  | \$   | 2.28  |  |  |
| RES-Multi-family             | \$<br>1.56  | \$                        | 1.79  | \$   | 1.97  |  |  |
| RES- Home Energy Performance | \$<br>1.35  | \$                        | 1.41  | \$   | 1.48  |  |  |
| RES-Voltage Optimization     | \$<br>1.06  | \$                        | 1.19  | \$   | 1.18  |  |  |
| RES-Behavioral Modification  | \$<br>0.96  | \$                        | 0.99  | \$   | 1.02  |  |  |
| RES-Moderate Income          | \$<br>0.83  | \$                        | 0.87  | \$   | 0.91  |  |  |
| RES-New Construction         | \$<br>0.18  | \$                        | 0.21  | \$   | 0.23  |  |  |
| RESIDENTIAL Portfolio Total  | \$<br>25.76 | \$\$                      | 26.10 | \$\$ | 26.50 |  |  |
| BUS-Standard                 | \$<br>12.06 | \$                        | 12.50 | \$   | 13.15 |  |  |
| BUS-Custom                   | \$<br>11.17 | \$                        | 11.40 | \$   | 10.91 |  |  |
| <b>BUS-New Construction</b>  | \$<br>2.20  | \$                        | 2.11  | \$   | 2.06  |  |  |
| BUS-RCx                      | \$<br>0.28  | \$                        | 0.28  | \$   | 0.28  |  |  |
| BUSINESS Portfolio Total     | \$<br>25.71 | \$                        | 26.20 | \$   | 26.39 |  |  |
| Ameren Portfolio Admin Costs | \$<br>2.57  | \$                        | 2.60  | \$   | 2.64  |  |  |
| Ameren EM&V Costs            | \$<br>1.54  | \$                        | 1.56  | \$   | 1.59  |  |  |
| Ameren Education Costs       | \$<br>1.29  | \$                        | 1.30  | \$   | 1.32  |  |  |
| AMEREN PORTFOLIO TOTAL       | \$<br>58.35 | \$                        | 59.30 | \$   | 59.96 |  |  |

Source: Ameren Filing Dated: January 20, 2011.

## 1.2 COMMISSION-SPECIFIED EVALUATION EFFORTS

The Illinois Commerce Commission (ICC) Order for Docket 10-0568 dated December 21, 2010, provides significant information about how the evaluation team should use net-to-gross ratios (NTGRs), per-unit values, which ones specifically should be used, and when per-unit values will be updated. The ICC provided further clarification in the *Order on Rehearing*, dated May 24, 2011. The *Order on Rehearing* also directed Ameren to participate in the development of a Statewide TRM.

We have spent considerable time on these documents to be sure we abide by the specifics indicated in the Order. Based on our reading of the Orders, there are several key points that inform our overall evaluation plan. Points directly taken from the ICC documents are:

- The Order has a set of fixed per-unit savings values that evaluators are to use in our PY4 evaluation for most measures. (Staff Cross Exhibits Part 1 and Part 2, see appendix) For measures without a fixed value, we plan to perform an engineering analysis.
- Ameren must apply any updated per-unit values received by March 1 to the next program year (Lines 505-508 of Ameren Exhibit 10.0 in the December Order). As evaluation results are generally available in the fall, the earliest application of any results from the evaluation of standard measures will skip a program year. For example, PY4 results are available for application in PY6, and PY5 results are available for application in PY7. Table 4 shows this timeline graphically.

2013 Calendar Year 2013 PY6 Program Year PY5 PY7 Program 8 9 10 11 12 8 9 10 11 12 2 3 4 6 7 6 7 6 9 10 11 7 Year New Per-Unit or PY4 NTGR Available New values applied New Per-Unit or NTGR Available New values applied New Per-Unit or NTGR Available New values applied

**Table 4. Timeline of Use for Evaluation Factors**(Per-unit values in Standard Measures)

- Ameren must work with other utilities and the Statewide Advisory Group "to develop a Statewide TRM for use in the upcoming energy efficiency three-year plan" (p.19 Order on Rehearing). Since this document is dated prior to the beginning of PY4, we assume this means PY4-PY6 (i.e., Plan 2).
  - The Statewide TRM consultant is currently working on high-impact measures and then will turn its attention to all the other measures in the portfolio. A draft of the some Statewide TRM with values may be available prior to March 1, 2012, but more likely, the final values will not be available until after March 1. Following the timeline from the Order, that would mean that per-unit values should be applied to

PY6. We will default to this assumption unless otherwise agreed to in writing with Ameren or the ICC.3

- The Order on Rehearing also provided a framework on how and when to apply NTGRs as well as when any update to NTGRs should be applied. This framework has five points that are provided verbatim from the order next:
  - Where a program design and delivery methods are relatively stable over time, and an Illinois evaluation of that program has an estimated NTG ratio, that ratio can be used prospectively until a new evaluation estimates a new NTG ratio.
  - In cases that fall under point 1, once a new evaluation results exists, these would be used going forward, to be applied in subsequent program years following their determination until the next evaluation, and so on.
  - For existing and new programs not yet evaluated, and previously evaluated programs undergoing significant changes - either in the program design or delivery, or changes the market itself - NTG ratios established through evaluations would be used retroactively, but could also then be use prospectively if the program does not undergo continued significant changes, similar to the first paragraph above.
  - For programs falling under point 3, deeming a NTG ratio prospectively may be appropriate if: the program design and market are understood well enough to estimate with reasonable accuracy and initial NTG (e.g., based on evaluated programs elsewhere); or it is determined that the savings and benefits of the program are not sufficient to devote the evaluation resources necessary to better estimate a NTG ratio.
  - Recommendations of the SAG to the Commission regarding application of this framework shall be submitted in adequate time for Commission review. If the SAG is not in unanimous agreement in its recommendation, the Commission requests that any recommendation that has the support of more than a majority of SAG members be submitted to the Commission along with a discussion and enumeration of the dissenting opinions.

We have created a three-point set of rules to follow based on the above language that is somewhat simplified.

- 1. If the program design and delivery methods are stable over time and a previous Illinois evaluation has estimated a NTGR, that NTGR is used prospectively until a new value is calculated. When the new value is calculated, we will apply the value prospectively following a similar timeline as the per-unit values. For example, if a PY4 NTGR is calculated for a program that has had an evaluation and the program and market are stable, we will apply the new NTGR in PY6.
- For existing programs that have been evaluated previously, but are undergoing significant changes in program design or in the market served by that program, or for existing and new programs that have not yet had an evaluation, a NTGR will be

<sup>3</sup> We have heard in the ongoing Statewide TRM meetings that ComEd expects to implement some or all of the Statewide TRM measures in PY5. This choice does not follow the timeline in the Ameren Exhibit 10.0, although Ameren has chosen to follow the same timeline and use Statewide TRM values in PY5.

calculated and applied retroactively (i.e., for the year in which program participants are included in the research).

- 3. If a previous Illinois evaluation has not occurred, it is possible to deem a NTGR based on secondary research showing other NTGR values from similar programs. This approach is used in two cases:
  - a. If the program design and market is well understood
  - b. If the savings of the program are not sufficient to devote evaluation resources.

We have gone through each program and applied the three-point logic based on our understanding of the programs and markets. Appendix B shows the fixed NTGR from the Order and our planned NTGR for each year by program.

# 2. EVALUATION STUDIES BY YEAR

The Ameren portfolio has 13 programs and 1 pilot in PY4.

Most programs have a set of standard measures. Standard measures have been specified through agreement between Ameren and the ICC. The electric and gas savings are included in Appendix C as embedded Excel sheets. Anything not in this list is a non-standard measure. Standard measures have set per-unit values. If updated through our PY4 evaluation, the application of those values will occur in PY6. Table 5 provides planned evaluation activities by program and program year.

Table 5. Planned Evaluation Activities by Program and Program Year

|  |      |          | Residential  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          | Commercial |        |          |                     |
|--|------|----------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| Activity   | Year | Lighting | HVAC   | Behavioral<br>Modification | Home Energy<br>Performance | Electric Space<br>Heat Pilot | Appliance<br>Recycling | Multifamily | Moderate<br>Income | Efficient<br>Products | ENERGY STAR<br>New Homes | Standard   | Custom | Retro-Cx | New<br>Construction |
|  | PY4  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
| Program Material Review                              | PY5  |          | Every Year and Every Program (except Commercial NC in PY4) |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
|  | PY6  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
| Program Manager and                                  | PY4  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
| Implementer Interviews                               | PY5  |          |  |                            | Every \                    | ear and                      | Every P                | rogram      | (except            | Commer                | cial NC i                | n PY4)     |        |          |                     |
| piementei interviewe                                 | PY6  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
| Energy Advisor or Key                                | PY4  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          | •          | •      |          |                     |
| Account Executive                                    | PY5  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
| Interviews   | PY6  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          | •          | •      |          |                     |
| Mayleat Aston / Duaguana                             | PY4  |          |  |                            | •                          | •                            | •                      |             | •                  |                       |                          | •          | •      |          |                     |
| Market Actor / Program<br>Ally / Retailer Interviews | PY5  | •        |  |                            |                            |                              |                        | •           |                    | •                     |                          |            |        | •        |                     |
| Any / Netalier interviews                            | PY6  |          | •  |                            | •                          | •                            | TBD                    |             | •                  |                       | •                        | •          | •      |          |                     |
|  | PY4  | •        |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
| Customer Intercepts                                  | PY5  | •        |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
|  | PY6  | •        |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |
|  | PY4  |          | •  |                            | •                          | •                            | •                      |             | •                  | •                     |                          | •          |        |          |                     |
| Participant Survey                                   | PY5  |          | •  |                            |                            |                              |                        | •           |                    |                       |                          | •          | •      | •        | •                   |
|  | PY6  |          | •  | •                          | •                          | •                            | •                      |             | •                  | •                     |                          | •          |        |          |                     |
| Non-participant Survey                               | PY4  |          |  |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |            |        |          |                     |

|             |             |          |          |                            | idential                   |                              |                        |             |                    | Commercial            |                          |          |        |          |                     |
|-------------|-------------|----------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| Activity    | Year        | Lighting | HVAC     | Behavioral<br>Modification | Home Energy<br>Performance | Electric Space<br>Heat Pilot | Appliance<br>Recycling | Multifamily | Moderate<br>Income | Efficient<br>Products | ENERGY STAR<br>New Homes | Standard | Custom | Retro-Cx | New<br>Construction |
|             | PY5         |          |          | ĺ                          |                            | Ì                            |                        |             |                    |                       |                          | •        |        |          |                     |
|             | PY6         |          |          | •                          |                            |                              | •                      |             |                    |                       |                          |          |        |          |                     |
|             | PY4         | •        | •        |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          | •        | •      |          |                     |
| Site Visits | PY5         | •        | •        | ĺ                          | ●DHW                       | ĺ                            |                        | •           | ĺ                  |                       | ĺ                        | •        | •      |          |                     |
|             | PY6         |          |          |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          | •        | •      | •        | •                   |
| •           | Activity pl | anned to | be perfo | <br>rmed                   |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       |                          |          |        |          |                     |

Table 6 provides an overview of data calculation approaches that are used to calculate gross and net impacts by program and program year.

**Table 6. Data Calculation Approaches by Program and Program Year** 

|                                  |          | Residential |      |                            |                            |                              |                        |             |                    |                       | Commercial            |                    |        |          |                     |  |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------|----------|---------------------|--|
| Data for<br>calculation<br>s on: | Yea<br>r | Lighting    | НУАС | Behavioral<br>Modification | Home Energy<br>Performance | Electric Space<br>Heat Pilot | Appliance<br>Recycling | Multifamily | Moderate<br>Income | Efficient<br>Products | ENERGY STAR New Homes | Standard           | Custom | Retro-Cx | New<br>Construction |  |
| Per Unit                         | PY4      | •           | •    | NA                         | •                          | •                            | •                      | -           | •                  | •                     | •                     | •                  | •      | •        | Non<br>e            |  |
| Values<br>(for Gross             | PY5      |             |      | NA                         | ⊙[SAE,<br>DHW]             | TBD                          |                        |             | ⊙[SAE]             | 0                     |                       |                    | •      | •        | •                   |  |
| Impacts)                         | PY6      |             | 0    | NA                         | PY5 Results                | TBD                          |                        |             | PY5<br>Results     | _                     |                       |                    | •      | •        | •                   |  |
|                                  | PY4      | •           |      | •                          | •                          | •                            |                        |             | •                  |                       |                       | -                  |        |          | Non<br>e            |  |
| NTGR<br>(for Net                 | PY5      | •           |      | •                          | PY4 Results                | TBD                          |                        |             | PY4<br>Results     |                       |                       |                    |        |          | •                   |  |
| Impacts)                         | PY6      | •           |      | •                          | PY4 Results                | TBD                          | PY4<br>Results         |             | PY4<br>Results     | PY4<br>Results        |                       | PY4<br>Result<br>s |        | •        |                     |  |

|   | Values in Excel sheets in Appendix C or NTGR in Appendix B |
|---|--|
|   | Statewide TRM Values                                       |
| • | Value from that year's evaluation activities               |

# 3. RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM STUDIES

In this section, we present the overarching view of each residential program evaluation. We present the programs in order of savings (in MBTU) to the residential portfolio, from highest to lowest.

#### 3.1 Residential Lighting Program

Ameren has designed the Residential Lighting Program to increase awareness and sales of ENERGY STAR (ES) lighting among residential customers. The program provides discounts through a variety of retail channels to reduce the cost of compact fluorescent lamps (CFLs) and fixtures, High Intensity Discharge lamps, and occupancy sensors. The program is available throughout the entire Ameren service territory through retail stores and an online store.

The program seeks to increase awareness of the energy efficient lighting and its benefits through marketing and outreach efforts at participating retailers, the Ameren website, and the mass media. The program partners with retailers and lighting manufacturers to sell ES lighting at a discount to bring the cost closer to that of traditional incandescent lighting. The discounts encourage customers who are reluctant to pay full price for ES lighting to choose energy efficient over standard lighting.

**Table 7. Lighting Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year** 

| Activity   | PY4   | PY5   | PY6   |
|--|---|---|---|
| Program Material Review  | х   | Х   | Х   |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer Interviews<br>(EFI and APT) | X<br>(n=3)  | X<br>(n=3)  | X<br>(n=3)  |
| Retailer Interviews<br>(Retailers: corporate<br>buyers)        |   | X<br>(n=6)  |   |
| Customer Intercepts  | Х   | Х   | Х   |
| In-Home Lighting Study   |   |   |   |
|  | Fixed per-unit<br>Values from Excel<br>File   | Fixed per-unit values from Statewide TRM  | Fixed per-unit values from Statewide TRM  |
| Gross Impact Approach  | Participation based<br>on database review,<br>leakage and<br>res/commercial<br>split from<br>intercepts, and<br>storage rate from<br>on-site audits | Participation based<br>on database review<br>and storage rates<br>from on-site audits,<br>leakage and<br>res/commercial split<br>from intercepts, | Participation based on<br>database review and<br>storage rates from on-<br>site audits, leakage<br>and res/commercial<br>split from intercepts, |
| Net Impact Approach  | Customer Intercepts   | Customer Intercepts   | Customer Intercepts   |
| Budget   | \$200,000   | \$200,000   | \$90,000  |

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 Different from all other programs, the evaluation of this upstream program must occur in the program year that Ameren sells the bulbs. The ramifications for this occur when we go into the field for data collection for our gross and net analyses.
  - With the Energy Independence and Security Act (EISA) standards coming into play at the beginning of 2012 (and enforcement of the standard beginning in September 2012), we believe that the market will be in a state of flux. However, at the strong suggestion of the ICC, we are going to field customer intercepts at retail stores in the spring of 2012 to obtain information for a PY4 NTGR.
  - We will also collect data from residential homes. We will use in-home lighting inventories to estimate the program's impact on the lighting market, program spillover, and CFL installation rates (all things that cannot be collected in the store). This work will build on in-home visits conducted as part of the PY2 Ameren residential lighting evaluation. We will complete approximately 225 total in-home lighting inventories, with one-half conducted towards the end of PY4 (April and May

2012) and one-half conducted at the beginning of PY5 (June and July 2012). Of these 225 inventories, 110 will be conducted in PY4.

- PY5 October has historically been "lighting season" in many parts of the country, Illinois included. There is a push by energy efficiency programs to get the word out about CFL programs with marketing and resultant increased sales.
  - In PY5 (i.e., the summer of 2012) we will conduct the second half of the in-home lighting study, which will include approximately 115 in-home lighting inventories.<sup>4</sup>
  - We also plan to perform customer intercepts in October of 2012 for two reasons: we will be able to obtain cost-effective information (as there are more customers in the store buying bulbs and our data collection activities garner more completions), and we believe the market for EISA compliant bulbs will have settled down for the 100 watt bulbs. (We note, however, that we expect the market will be in a similar state of flux for 75 watt bulbs which are anticipated to be regulated in early 2013.)
- PY6 The PY6 evaluation will be more limited since the evaluation team will have put substantial effort into the evaluation of this program by PY6.
  - We have budgeted for another set of customer intercepts, but will assess the results from the previous two efforts to determine if it is worthwhile to again go into the field in the fall of 2013. If this does not occur, we will reduce the budget.

#### 3.2 RESIDENTIAL HVAC

The ActOnEnergy Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning Program (HVAC Program) offers incentives for the purchase of a high-efficiency furnace, boiler, air source heat pump (ASHP), ground source heat pump (GSHP) or central air conditioner (CAC) that is installed by an HVAC Registered Program Ally. Our earlier studies used engineering simulation modeling with some limited metering. Efforts across PY4 and PY5 will expand the sample size of all the metering to increase our confidence in the metered results.

The table below shows the tasks and budgets for this effort.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Note that the actual numbers are subject to change as we get closer to PY5.

**Table 8. HVAC Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year** 

| Activity   | PY4  | PY5   | PY6   |
|--|--|---|---|
| Program Material<br>Review                             | х  | х   | х   |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer<br>Interviews (CSG) | 2 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)  | 2 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)   | 2 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)   |
| Contractor Interviews                                  |  |   | 70 participants per<br>measure type (some<br>have multiple – about<br>140), up to 70 non-<br>participants |
| Participant Survey                                     | Recruiting for<br>metering, and<br>telephone survey for<br>verification only<br>n=70 | Telephone Survey<br>n=150<br>Verification and NTG<br>(30 per measure x 5<br>equipment types)                    | Telephone Survey for verification only n=150  |
| Metering   | 48 meters installed;<br>proportional mix of<br>CAC, ASHP, GSHP<br>(May 2012).        | CAC meters removed, heat pump data downloaded (Oct 2012) 48 meters installed in furnaces and boilers (Oct 2012) | Meter removals:   |
| Gross Impact<br>Approach                               | Fixed values from<br>Order   | Statewide TRM   | Statewide TRM and/or PY4 metering results for cooling equipment   |
| Net Impact Approach                                    | Fixed NTGR from Order  | Fixed NTGR from Order   | Fixed NTGR from Order   |
| Budget   | <b>\$ 132,500</b>  | \$158,500   | <b>\$ 170, 000</b>  |

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 We will focus on obtaining cooling equipment metering information for prospective use within the Statewide TRM.
  - We will base gross impacts on the fixed per-unit values in the Order and application with self-reported participant verification from our participant survey.
  - We will calculate PY4 Net impacts using the fixed NTGR from the Order.

- The majority of effort in PY4 will be recruiting and installation of meters on participating customers' HVAC equipment to update the effective full load hours (EFLH) and obtain a peak coincident factor for cooling for prospective use within the Statewide TRM (results available in PY5).
- We will also include a participant survey (n=70) for customer verification and to measure program satisfaction.
- PY5 Our effort will focus on obtaining an updated NTGR and process findings as well as metering heating measures for prospective use within the Statewide TRM.
  - We will verify participation through our participant survey. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the values for this program in the Statewide TRM.
  - We will use the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY5.
  - Our telephone survey of participants will enable the calculation of a self-report NTGR. This program is not new, has not changed design, has previously been evaluated to obtain a NTGR, and is a high level of savings across the portfolio. Based on these criteria, we will apply the NTGR calculated in PY5 prospectively to the PY7 program.
  - We will obtain process information from the participant survey to aid in understanding participants' motivations for purchasing the products, as well as how program marketing and incentives influenced their decision-making. We will also collect satisfaction information such as satisfaction with the program, rebate level, satisfaction with their contractor, information provided from the contactor, etc. in our participant survey.
  - Much of our PY5 impact evaluation effort will be meter retrieval and data analysis to update the effective full load hours (EFLH) for prospective use within the Statewide TRM.
- PY6 The PY6 evaluation is currently anticipated to be more limited since much of the needed data will have been collected in PY4 and PY5.
  - We will verify participation through our participant survey. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the values for this program in the Statewide TRM. We are unsure if our PY4 metering results will have been updated in the Statewide TRM but recommend using the new information from the extensive metering for assessment of savings for cooling equipment in PY6. We will continue to use the Statewide TRM information for heating equipment.
  - We will use the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY6.
  - We will conduct contractor interviews in PY6, both with participating and non-participant contractors. These interviews will gather data for the process evaluation (satisfaction with the program design, incentive levels, etc.) as well as track the program's market effects in comparison to data gathered in PY3 (how easy is it for them to convince customers to purchase high-efficiency equipment, how often do they recommend high-efficiency units).
  - In PY6, we will perform analysis of the metered heating equipment to provide information to update the Statewide TRM.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM

• There are several measures incented within this program where we plan additional evaluation activity to support updates to the Statewide TRM. Central air conditioners, air source heat pumps, gas furnaces, and boilers are all included as high-impact measures. We have targeted these measures specifically in our evaluation to be sure that Ameren specific values are available for the Statewide TRM.

# 3.3 RESIDENTIAL BEHAVIORAL MODIFICATION

The Behavioral Modification Home Energy Report (HER) program began mid-year in Ameren's PY3 with a pilot group of approximately 50,000 customers. According to information from Ameren, the program added several additional groups of customers in PY4, while the original customers remain in the program.

In early 2011, the Cadmus evaluation team completed a first-year analysis of the 50,000 pilot group. Our evaluation will build on the first-year evaluation findings to provide additional insights regarding program effects, and the ability to leverage this program to improve overall savings from the portfolio.

The table below shows the tasks and budgets for this effort.

**Table 9. Behavioral Modification Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year** 

| Activity                                   | PY4   | PY5                                      | PY6  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Program Material Review                    | х   | Х  | X  |
| Program Manager and Implementer Interviews | OPOWER and<br>Ameren Interviews<br>(n=2)                            | OPOWER and<br>Ameren Interviews<br>(n=2) | OPOWER and Ameren<br>Interviews (n=2)  |
| Treatment and Control<br>Group Survey      |   |  | Random Sample of 200<br>Treatment/200 Control<br>participants  |
| Net Impact Approach                        | PY4 Billing<br>Analysis (gas and<br>electric)                       | Ameren Interviews                        | PY4, 5, and 6 Latent<br>Growth Curve Analysis<br>with Impact Estimates<br>for each program cohort.<br>This will include a<br>persistence analysis. |
|  | , ,   |  | Billing analysis<br>(gas/electric) for original<br>Pilot participants in 3 <sup>rd</sup><br>year.  |
| Additional Net Analysis                    | Database<br>Crosscheck to<br>understand<br>program<br>participation | Crosscheck to<br>understand<br>program   | Database Crosscheck to<br>understand program<br>participation  |
| Budget                                     | \$80,000  | \$60,000                                 | \$135,000  |

The overarching goal of the evaluation efforts for PY4, 5, and 6 is to provide adjusted net impact assessments (including accounting for other Ameren programs). Note that this program is different from other programs as per unit estimates and stipulated net-to-gross assumptions are less applicable (since the actions taken can vary both by household and over time). As such, the evaluation team will conduct two billing analyses each year (one gas and one electric) in conjunction with a crossing of program participation databases to remove any double counting within the portfolio. Notably, gas savings are particularly important for this program and will be one of the focuses of our Behavioral Modification efforts.

Studies by year

- In PY4, we will conduct gas and electric billing analyses as well as a crossing of participant databases (similar to PY3). These research efforts will focus on the time frame from June 2011 to May 2012.
- In PY5, our analysis will focus on net impacts through our standard method of conducting a billing analysis with a database cross-check.
- The PY6 assessment will allow us to understand impact, persistence, and processrelated issues:
  - In PY6, we will conduct a quantitative survey of: (1) Pilot participants who have been in the program 2+ years, and (2) Pilot participants who stopped receiving Home Energy Reports (e.g., interrupted groups). We will couple this analysis with a billing analysis comparing these two populations to help understand both savings estimates over time, and persistence of savings.
  - In PY6, we will also conduct a Latent Growth Curve Analysis (LGCA) of all participants still receiving the HER. This analysis will allow us to understand savings estimates for the program over the three years. (See Appendix D for additional details.)
  - We will perform a treatment and control group quantitative survey effort in PY6. We will use this survey effort to provide additional process and impact insights regarding energy savings actions taken.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - This program does not lend itself to updating any information in the Statewide TRM.

# 3.4 RESIDENTIAL HOME ENERGY PERFORMANCE AND ELECTRIC SPACE HEAT PILOT PROGRAMS

The HEP program has completed its third year, while the Electric Space Heat (ESHP) program is currently a pilot. We have combined the evaluation of these programs given the similar nature in which Ameren designed and delivers the program as well as cost savings associated with combining evaluation activities.

The HEP and ESHP evaluation efforts will build upon previous evaluation activities for the HEP program in PY1 through PY3. Evaluations in PY1-PY3 included an engineering analysis of gross measure savings and secondary research to estimate the NTG ratio. The process evaluation work consisted of a participant survey and review of the program documents and processes. The evaluation team will incorporate aspects of previous evaluations, including survey questions and analysis frameworks. The ESHP Pilot will begin in PY4.

As such, the evaluation team will conduct both process and impact evaluation efforts for the HEP and ESHP programs for PY4.

Table 10. HEP and ESHP Pilot Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

| Activity  | PY4   | PY5  | PY6  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Program Material Review   | Х   | Х  | Х  |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer Interviews (CSG)   | X<br>(n=2 to 4)   | X<br>(n=2 to 4)  | X<br>(n=2 to 4)                                    |
| Market Actor Interviews CSG<br>Auditors (n=~2); HEP Program<br>Allies and HVAC insulation<br>contractors; (n=~13) a | X<br>(n=10-15)  |  | X<br>(n=10-15)                                     |
| Participant Survey b  | Installation<br>Verification,<br>Process and NTG<br>(n=TBD)           |  | Installation Verification, Process and NTG (n=TBD) |
| Site Visits   |   | Possible DHW<br>metering for<br>application in the<br>Statewide TRM° |  |
| Gross Impact Evaluation<br>Approach   | HEP: Application<br>of Deemed<br>Savings/<br>Engineering<br>Analysis  | HEP: Statistically<br>Adjusted<br>Engineering<br>Analysis            | HEP: Application of<br>PY5 SAE<br>coefficients     |
|   | ESHP: Application<br>of Deemed<br>Savings/<br>Engineering<br>Analysis | TBD  | TBD  |
| Not be not Evolvetion Annual  | HEP: From participant survey  | HEP: Results from PY4  | HEP: Results from PY4                              |
| Net Impact Evaluation Approach  | ESHP: Default of 0.80   | TBD  | TBD  |
| Budget  | \$46,500  | \$114,000  | \$60,000   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Notably, we will combine our market actor interview efforts with our Moderate Income program evaluation activities.

#### > Studies by year

PY4 – We will build the HEP and ESHP evaluation efforts upon previous evaluation
activities for the HEP program in PY1 through PY3. Evaluations in PY1-PY3 included an
engineering analysis of gross measure savings and secondary research to estimate the
NTG ratio. The evaluation team will focus on program impacts for PY4, as the HEP

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The participant survey will include participants from the Moderate Income program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> DHW metering activities are budgeted within TRM activities.

evaluation conducted in PY3 assessed energy and demand savings through application of deemed savings values collected in PY1 and PY2 to the program database.

- The evaluation team will conduct a participant verification effort for PY4 through the application of per-unit savings to the program per unit savings values. We will conduct an engineering review for any measures that do not have a fixed value or will not be determined through the TRM effort. Notably, we will also conduct this analysis for the ESHP program.
- The evaluation team will field a self-report net-to-gross battery within the participant survey to program participants to determine a program-level net-to-gross ratio to retrospectively apply to PY4.
- The Electric Space Heat Pilot program is a very small portion of the overall program and may not be continued. We will apply a deemed net-to-gross value of 0.80. We will work with Ameren to understand if it will continue this pilot. If so, we will develop a prospective NTGR for PY6.
- The evaluation team will field a quantitative participant survey to assess HEP and ESHP program processes, such as customer satisfaction with program aspects and recommendations for improvement, as well as to verify installation of energy savings measures installed as part of the home energy audit and subsequent shell and HVAC measures. In addition, this survey instrument will also include a self-report net-to-gross battery of questions to identify savings attributable to the program. The evaluation team will also review program databases to ensure that these shell measures are not double counted within the overall energy efficiency portfolio. We plan to complete enough interviews with program participants to provide statistically valid findings regarding each program.
- The evaluation team will also conduct approximately 10 to 15 in-depth interviews with a variety of market actors in PY4. These market actors include CSG auditors in the field (n=2) as well as HEP and HVAC Program Allies (n~=13). These interviews will review program implementation successes and challenges, in addition to understanding barriers to participation for both contractors and participants.
- PY5 In this evaluation period, we will focus on conducting a statistically adjusted engineering (SAE) analysis to assess gross savings attributable to the program for both electric and gas savings. The evaluation team will also apply the NTGR from the evaluation activities occurring in PY4 to the PY5 gross savings value to obtain a net savings number.
  - The evaluation team will conduct an SAE analysis to determine gross savings for the HEP program for PY4 participants. An SAE model provides the percentage of the program ex ante estimate of measure savings observed in changes in energy usage. The model estimates realization rates for overall customer savings based on the individual measure savings estimates. Notably, we will also conduct this analysis for the Moderate Income Program participants, given our understanding that there are similar participant databases as well as program designs. Because an SAE analysis requires a complete year of billing data before and a year of billing data after installation of measures, the evaluation team will conduct the analysis in PY5. We will apply the coefficients from this analysis to the measures installed in the PY5 program for gross impacts.
  - For the ESHP program, if present, the gross impact effort will consist of the application of per unit TRM savings values to participation levels found in the

- program tracking database. The evaluation team will continue to apply the NTGR of 0.80 for PY5.
- The evaluation team will apply the NTGR from the evaluation activities occurring in PY4 for the HEP program
- The evaluation team may also conduct site visits to meter DHW measures, including High Efficiency Furnaces and Storage and Tankless Water Heaters. We will coordinate with ongoing TRM efforts to identify the correct measures to meter.
- PY6 In this evaluation period, we will focus on participant verification and the application of previously calculated analytical coefficients for savings values to provide a PY6 value. We will also provide process-related feedback gleaned from our participant survey, possibly including measure persistence.
  - The gross impact effort will consist of the application of the coefficients from the analysis in PY5 to the measures installed in the PY6 program for per-unit gross impacts and installation rates determined through the participant survey.
  - The evaluation team will apply the PY4 participant survey net-to-gross results to determine net program savings for the HEP program. If the ESHP pilot continues, the evaluation team will field a self-report net-to-gross battery with the participant survey to identify PY6 NTGR for the program.
  - The evaluation team will again field a quantitative participant survey to assess program processes, such as customer satisfaction with program aspects and recommendations for improvement, as well as to verify installation of energy savings measures installed as part of the home energy audit and subsequent shell and HVAC measures. In addition, the evaluation team will also include a self-report net-to-gross battery to assess savings attributable to the program. We will apply the NTG ratio to PY8 savings values for both programs. The evaluation team will also review program databases to ensure that these in-shell and HVAC measures are not double counted within the overall energy efficiency portfolio. We plan to complete enough interviews with program participants to provide statistically valid findings regarding each program.
  - The evaluation team will also conduct approximately 10 to 15 in-depth interviews with a variety of market actors in PY6. These market actors include CSG auditors in the field (n=2) as well as HEP and HVAC Program Allies (n=13). These interviews will review program implementation successes and challenges, in addition to understanding barriers to participation for both contractors and participants.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - There are several measures incented within this program where we plan additional evaluation activity to support updates.
  - We anticipate updating components of algorithms for storage Water Heater / Tankless Water Heater. However, we will revisit this choice prior to writing our PY5 plan.
  - Other measures such as insulation, showerheads, aerators, and bulbs are better suited to be metered for other program efforts.

#### 3.5 RESIDENTIAL APPLIANCE RECYCLING

The Appliance Recycling Program (ARP) promotes the retirement and recycling of primary and secondary inefficient refrigerators and freezers from Ameren's electric households by offering a turn-in incentive and free pickup of working equipment, as well as information and education on the cost of keeping an inefficient unit in operation. The target market for this program is residential electric customers with working refrigerators and freezers that are between 10 and 27 cubic feet in size. This program has been in place for three years.

Table 11. Appliance Recycling Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

| Activity  | PY4  | PY5   | PY6  |
|---|--|---|--|
| Program Material<br>Review                                      | Review program<br>from a process<br>standpoint | Review sample of receipts for participants for verification | Review program<br>from a process<br>standpoint |
| Program Manager<br>and Implementer<br>Interviews (CSG)          | 2 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)      | 2 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)                   | 2 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)      |
| Market Actor<br>Interviews                                      | In-depth interview with ARCA (n=2)             |   | In-depth interview with ARCA (n=2)             |
| Participant Survey<br>for Process,<br>verification, and<br>NTGR | Telephone survey<br>(n=140)                    |   | Telephone survey (n=140)                       |
| Non-Participant<br>Survey for NTGR                              |  |   | Telephone survey (n=140)                       |
| Gross Impact<br>Approach  | Fixed per-unit values<br>from Order            | Statewide TRM<br>values                                     | Statewide TRM<br>values                        |
| Net Impact Approach   | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order                       | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order                                    | Results from PY4                               |
| Budget  | \$ 58,000                                      | \$ 16,500   | \$ 63,000                                      |

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 We will focus on calculation of an updated NTGR and participant verification.
  - We will base gross impacts on the fixed per-unit values in the Order and application with self-reported participant verification from our participant survey.

- We will calculate PY4 Net impacts using the fixed NTGR from the Order.
- Our telephone survey of participants will enable the calculation of an NTGR. This
  program is not new and has not changed design, has previously been evaluated to
  obtain an NTGR, and provides a moderate level of savings across the portfolio. We
  will apply the NTGR calculated in PY4 prospectively to the PY6 program.
- We will obtain process information such as satisfaction with the program from our participant survey.
- PY5 We expect little change to this program in PY5 and will perform a limited evaluation.
  - We will verify participation through a review of the program tracking database. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the values for this program in the Statewide TRM. The Statewide TRM team has not yet decided if the appliance recycling measure in Statewide TRM will have a fixed value or use coefficients for savings based on the configuration of refrigerators and freezers. We will apply the chosen method.
  - We will use the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY5.
- PY6 Because the vintage of recycled models tends to change over time, we will perform a similar evaluation as for PY4.
  - We will verify participation through our participant survey. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the values for this program in the Statewide TRM. The Statewide TRM team has not yet decided if the appliance recycling measure in Statewide TRM will have a fixed value or use coefficients for savings based on the configuration of refrigerators and freezers. We will apply the chosen method.
  - We will calculate PY6 net impacts using the NTGR calculated in PY4.
  - Our telephone survey of participants and non-participants will enable the calculation of an NTGR. This program is not new and has not changed design, has previously been evaluated to obtain an NTGR, and provides a moderate level of savings across the portfolio. Evaluators should apply the NTGR calculated in PY6 prospectively to PY8.
  - We will obtain process information such as satisfaction with the program from our participant survey.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - We know that ComEd evaluators are currently conducting a metering study of refrigerator and freezer usage in units prior to recycling. We expect the results of that study to be included in the Statewide TRM.
  - We plan to use the PY4/PY5 on-site lighting study to collect information from Ameren homes about secondary refrigerators and freezers to determine if there is a difference in units (either in terms of configuration or age) that would indicate use of coefficients from the ComEd service territory would not be valid. Additionally, we will mine the past participation databases to determine if previously recycled units are different from what was metered in ComEd. Results of that analysis may point towards the need for an Ameren-specific metering study for appliance recycling. If so, we may perform such a study in PY6.

### 3.6 RESIDENTIAL MULTIFAMILY PROGRAM

The Multifamily Program encompasses three program components: common area lighting, tenant unit installations, and major measures. The common area lighting component primarily focuses on replacement of standard efficiency common area lighting with high-efficiency fluorescent lighting, and incandescent and fluorescent exit signs with LED exit signs. The tenant unit installation focuses on the installation of measures in tenant units related to a limited number of incandescent lighting replacements and water conservation measures. The major measure portion of the program will address more expensive complex measures, such as replacing central heating units, adding insulation, and performing air sealing.

Based on previous evaluation results, it appears that this program has the potential to garner larger energy savings through potentially increasing participation and/or adding more eligible measures. However, due to the relatively low savings compared to other programs in the portfolio, we are focusing our efforts on PY5 with limited evaluation in PY4 and PY6.

**Activity** PY4 PY5 PY<sub>6</sub> Χ Χ **Program Material Review** Χ **Program Manager and** X (n=2)X (n=2)X (n=2)Implementer Interviews (CSG) Secondary Research/Other **Multifamily Program Manager** Χ Interviews Process, verify installation, includes NTG for **Property Manager Survey** common area lighting, measure persistence (n=~40)X **Onsite Audits** (n=100)Fixed Values / Fixed Values / Fixed Values / **Gross Impact Approach** Engineering Engineering Engineering **Analysis Analysis** Analysis Fixed NTGR from Fixed NTGR from Fixed NTGR from **Net Impact Approach** Order Order Order \$20,000 \$80,000 \$25.000 **Budget** 

Table 12. Multifamily Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

#### Studies by year

 PY4 - We will perform a limited evaluation in PY4 that will allow us to develop a wellgrounded understanding of the program's implementation strategy.

- We will verify participation through a review of the program tracking database. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the fixed values for this program in the Order. We do not expect to have any measures not covered as a fixed value, but if that occurs, we will perform engineering analysis for those measures.
- When considering the structure from the NTGR framework, this program is not new; there was a previous NTGR calculated for common area lighting (while in-unit items used a value of 1.0 as they were direct install measures), and it brings in a relatively small level of savings for the overall portfolio. We will use the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY4.
- PY5 In this evaluation period, we focus our budget on surveys with property managers
  to calculate an NTGR for common areas. Additionally we have scheduled on-site audits
  to perform verification of direct install and common area lighting measures. We
  understand that previous on-site audits were difficult due to lack of contact information.
  We expect to work with the implementation team to improve program tracking that will
  facilitate this effort.
  - Measures persistence is a significant input to determining gross impacts associated with Multifamily Programs. Our experience evaluating similar programs indicates that measures installed in tenant-occupied spaces are often removed, particularly when the installations occur in building "sweeps," at times when tenants may not be in the unit. In PY5, we will include field verification of measure persistence through site visits to a sample of participating buildings.
  - The gross impact effort will consist of application of fixed values for measures in the Statewide TRM multiplied by installation verification values from our on-site audits and surveys with property managers.
  - We will collect self-report data for a common area lighting NTGR from PY5
    participating property managers for use prospectively in PY7. We will continue to
    apply the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY5.
  - Because we plan to talk directly with customers in PY5, we will also include a short, targeted process assessment of the program. We will inquire about satisfaction with implementation aspects of the program such as interactions with the implementation team agents and quality of the direct install measures (through asking the property manager about any known complaints). We expect to work with Ameren to determine if there are other areas for inclusion.
  - We will also conduct secondary research of similar multifamily programs across the country to compare and contrast program design and implementation strategies. This secondary research may include a look at the market size and opportunity size for the Multifamily Program in Ameren territory to see how much further growth Ameren can expect. We will focus this research on developing recommendations for further program improvements that may increase the program's savings potential in future years.
- PY6 This year's analysis will mimic the PY4 evaluation.
  - As with the PY4 effort, the gross impacts will be determined from a review of the program tracking database for verification and application of per-unit savings from the Statewide TRM.

- Although we will have calculated a new common area lighting NTGR in PY5, the value will not be available until partway into PY6. As such, we will continue to apply the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY6.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - This program provides direct installation of CFL bulbs, low-flow showerheads, and faucet aerators, all of which are high-impact measures. However, given the overall budgets, our data collection effort for this program is not able to leverage the on-site audits in PY5 to support updated values for the Statewide TRM.
  - We plan evaluation activity in PY5 for low-flow showerheads and faucet aerators within the Home Energy Performance program. We can apply values from that effort to the multifamily population for these measures.
  - Additionally, we plan to conduct a residential light logger study to gather primary data on hours of use and coincidence as part of the Residential Lighting program evaluation.

### 3.7 Residential Moderate Income Program

The Moderate Income program was implemented as a pilot program in the Decatur area during PY3, and as such has not yet been evaluated. As such, the evaluation team will conduct both process and impact evaluation efforts for the Moderate Income Program for PY4.

| Table 13. Moderate Income    | Program Planned Evaluation       | Activities by Program Year |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Table 10. Moderate intolling | , i iosiaili i lallica stalaadol |                            |

| Activity  | PY4  | PY5  | PY6                                       |
|---|--|--|---|
| Program Material Review   | Х  | Х  | Х   |
| Program Manager and Implementer Interviews  | 2  | 2  | 2   |
| Market Actor Interviews (Energy<br>Assistance Foundation, HEP Energy<br>Auditors, Program Allies (HVAC and<br>HEP) <sup>a</sup> | 5-7  |  | 5-7                                       |
| Participant Survey <sup>b</sup> (includes process questions and installation verification in PY4 and in PY6)                    | n=TBD  |  | n=TBD                                     |
| Gross Impact Evaluation Approach  | Application of<br>Deemed<br>Savings, Fixed<br>from Order | Statistically<br>Adjusted<br>Engineering<br>Analysis | Application of<br>PY5 SAE<br>coefficients |
| Net Impact Evaluation Approach  | From participant survey                                  | PY4 Results  | PY4 Results                               |
| Budget  | \$34,500   | \$35,000   | \$50,000                                  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Notably, we will combine our market actor interview efforts with our Home Energy Performance evaluation activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> The participant survey will also include participants from the Home Energy Performance program and the Electric Space Heat Pilot program.

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 There was no previous evaluation effort for the Moderate Income Program as it
  was a pilot program during PY3. As such, the evaluation team will focus on assessing
  program impacts and processes for PY4.
  - The evaluation team will conduct a participant verification effort for PY4 through the application of deemed savings to the program per unit savings values. The evaluation team will conduct an engineering review for any measures that do not have a fixed value or will not be determined through the TRM effort.
  - Because this is a new program without previous Illinois evaluation, we will retrospectively apply the NTGR from the PY4 participant survey.
  - The evaluation team will field a quantitative participant survey to assess program processes, such as customer satisfaction with program aspects and recommendations for improvement, as well as to verify installation of energy savings measures installed as part of the home energy audit and subsequent shell and HVAC measures. In addition, this survey instrument will also include a self-report net-to-gross battery of questions to identify savings attributable to the program. The evaluation team will also review program databases to ensure that these shell measures are not double counted within the overall energy efficiency portfolio. We plan to complete enough interviews with program participants to provide statistically valid findings regarding the program.
  - We will also conduct in-depth interviews with approximately three staff members at the Energy Assistance Foundation, the organization that recruits and identifies moderate income participants for the HEP and HVAC programs, as well as HEP and HVAC Program Allies and auditors. The evaluation team may also include questions within the HVAC program evaluation in-depth interview guides with HVAC contractors to elicit feedback regarding the program.
- PY5 In this evaluation period, we will focus on conducting a statistically adjusted engineering analysis to assess gross savings attributable to the program for both electric and gas savings. The evaluation team will also apply the PY4 participant survey net-to-gross values retrospectively to the PY5 gross savings value to obtain a net savings number.
  - The evaluation team will conduct an SAE analysis to determine gross savings for the program for PY4 participants. An SAE model provides the percentage of the program ex ante estimate of measure savings observed in changes in energy usage. The model estimates realization rates for overall customer savings based on the individual measure savings estimates. Notably, we will also conduct this analysis for the HEP program participants, given our understanding that there are similar participant databases as well as program designs. Because an SAE analysis requires a complete year of billing data before and a year of billing data after installation of measures, the evaluation team will conduct the analysis in PY5. The evaluation team will apply the coefficients from this analysis to the measures installed in the PY5 program for gross impacts.
  - The evaluation team will apply the PY4 self-report NTGR from the participant survey to determine the net savings value for the program.
- PY6 In this evaluation period, we focus on participant verification and the application
  of deemed savings values to provide a PY6 value. We will also provide process-related
  feedback gleaned from our participant survey, possibly including measure persistence.

- The gross impact effort will consist of the application of the coefficients from the analysis in PY5 to the measures installed in the PY6 program for per-unit gross impacts and installation rates determined through the participant survey.
- The evaluation team will apply the PY4 participant survey NTGR to determine net program savings for the programs.
- The evaluation team will field a quantitative participant survey to assess program processes, such as customer satisfaction with program aspects and recommendations for improvement, as well as to verify installation of energy savings measures installed as part of the home energy audit and subsequent shell and HVAC measures. In addition, the evaluation team will also include a self-report net-to-gross battery to assess savings attributable to the program. We will apply the NTG ratio to PY8 savings values. The evaluation team will also review program databases to ensure that these in-shell and HVAC measures are not double counted within the overall energy efficiency portfolio. We plan to complete enough interviews with program participants to provide statistically valid findings regarding each program.
- We will also conduct in-depth interviews with approximately three staff members at the Energy Assistance Foundation, the organization that recruits and identifies moderate income participants for the HEP and HVAC programs, as well as HEP and HVAC Program Allies and auditors. The evaluation team may also include questions within the HVAC program evaluation in-depth interview guides with HVAC contractors to elicit feedback regarding the program.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms for high-impact measures associated with the Moderate Income Program
  - We see no measures in this program where additional data collection will be a costeffective use of the evaluation budget.

## 3.8 RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY PRODUCTS

The Residential Efficient Products Program (REEP) provides rebates and in-store advertising for energy-efficient products sold at retail outlets in Ameren's territory. Ameren works with its implementers in coordination with industry retailers and manufacturers, while also educating customers on the benefits of efficient products. The goal of REEP is to reduce market barriers and create sustained demand and market for these products over time.

Table 14. Efficient Products Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

| Activity   | PY4   | PY5   | PY6   |
|--|---|---|---|
| Program Material<br>Review                             | X   | Х   | х   |
| Program Manager<br>and Implementer<br>Interviews (CSG) | 3 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)) and<br>APT (n=1) | 3 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)) and<br>APT (n=1) | 3 interviews<br>CSG (n=1)<br>Ameren (n=1)) and<br>APT (n=1) |
| Retailer Interviews                                    |   | Participation retailers (n=10)                              |   |
| Participant Survey                                     | Telephone survey<br>n=210 (30 per<br>product)               |   | Telephone survey<br>n=210 (30 per<br>product)               |
| Gross Impact<br>Approach                               | Fixed per-unit values<br>from Order                         | Statewide TRM<br>values                                     | Statewide TRM values  |
| Net Impact Approach                                    | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order                                    | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order                                    | PY4 Results   |
| Budget   | \$ 74,500   | \$ 55,000   | \$ 78,000   |

#### Studies by year

- PY4 We will focus on obtaining an NTGR for prospective application and process findings.
  - We will base gross impacts on the fixed per-unit values in the Order and application with self-reported participant verification from our participant survey.
  - We will calculate PY4 Net impacts using the fixed NTGR from the Order.
  - Our telephone survey of participants will enable the calculation of a self-report NTGR. This program is new as a separate program, as Ameren implemented it for three years combined with residential lighting. While the basic program design is similar, Ameren plans to add a number of measures not previously incented. The existing program has not previously been evaluated to obtain an NTGR, and is a low level of savings across the portfolio.<sup>5</sup> We will apply the NTGR calculated in PY4 prospectively to the PY6 program.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Since there has been no previous assessment of the NTGR, if we find a coefficient of variation of 0.33, our 30 completions per measure will be sufficient for 90/10 precision level. However, if we find variation higher than this, we will not be able to meet the 90/10 precision level at the measure level with 30 completions per measure.

- We will obtain process information from the participant survey to aid in understanding participants' motivations for purchasing the products, as well as how program marketing and incentives influenced their decision-making. We will also collect satisfaction information such as satisfaction with the program, rebate level, speed of rebate delivery, influence of sales personnel, etc. in our participant survey.
- PY5 We expect little change to this program in PY5 and will perform a limited evaluation.
  - We will verify participation through a review of the program tracking database. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the values for this program in the Statewide TRM.
  - We will use the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY5.
  - We will use a retailer survey in PY5 as the program gains momentum to obtain process findings and market effects information such as satisfaction with the program implementation, stocking levels and changes in stocking, program impacts on sales, and ease of finding qualified equipment.
- PY6 We will focus on how this program is performing over time as well as collecting another NTGR.
  - We will verify participation through our participant survey. We will calculate gross impacts from this verification multiplied by the values for this program in the Statewide TRM.
  - We will calculate PY6 net impacts using the NTGR calculated in PY4.
  - Our telephone survey of participants will enable the calculation of a self-report NTGR. Since we will have found an NTGR in PY4 and have an understanding of the variation in responses, we will use our experience to determine the appropriate sample size to obtain 90/10 precision and may increase the sample from what we present if needed. Evaluators should use the results from PY6 in PY8.
  - We will obtain process information such as satisfaction with the program from our participant survey.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - There are several measures incented within this program where additional evaluation activity would help to update components within the Statewide TRM. Heat pump water heaters, thermostats, and gas water heaters are all included as high-impact measures.
  - There are no plans to use budget within this program to obtain primary data collection that could support the Statewide TRM values. However, we may consider gathering age data on gas water heaters during our PY4/PY5 lighting on-site audits to inform baseline usage for this measure.

### 3.9 Residential ENERGY STAR New Homes

The ENERGY STAR New Homes program targets builders with a package of services, including training, technical information, and marketing assistance and incentives for construction of ENERGY STAR new homes (homes with a HERS Index of 85 or lower). The incentive is designed to defray the cost of the required home energy rating. In addition, the program provides cooperative marketing support for builders.

Implemented by CSG, the program targets builders of new single- and multi-family homes heated with a fuel (natural gas or electricity) provided by Ameren.

Table 15. Residential ENERGY STAR New Homes Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

| Activity   | PY4   | PY5   | PY6  |
|--|---|---|--|
| Program Material Review                                | X   | X   | Х  |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer Interviews<br>(CSG) | Х   | Х   | Х  |
| Market Actor Interviews                                |   |   | Contractor /<br>Builders<br>(n=15)   |
| Gross Impact Approach                                  | Review program<br>records for<br>participating homes<br>and confirm ex ante<br>savings are calculated<br>properly | Review program<br>records for<br>participating homes<br>and confirm ex ante<br>savings are calculated<br>properly | Review program records for participating homes and confirm ex ante savings are calculated properly |
| Net Impact Approach                                    | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order  | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order  | Fixed NTGR from<br>Order   |
| Budget   | \$10,000  | \$10,000  | \$20,000   |

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 Our approach is driven by the very low budgets and low expected participation for the program.
  - Gross impact evaluation will focus on review of program records and confirmation of ex ante savings through a limited engineering review. This will involve review of the REMRate files for some (or all depending on how low participation is) of the program homes.
  - We will calculate net impacts using the fixed NTGR for PY4 from the Order.
- PY5 Even for PY5, though, probable low participation and low overall level of savings for the portfolio drives our approach.
  - The gross and net impact approaches will be identical to PY4. We will calculate net impacts using the fixed NTGR for PY5 from the Order.
- PY6 We have evaluation budget to expand this program's evaluation somewhat in PY6 and plan to talk with contractors for assessment of an NTGR.
  - As we did for PY4 and PY5, we will determine gross impacts through a review of program records and confirmation of ex ante savings through a limited engineering review.
  - We will calculate net impacts using the fixed NTGR for PY6 from the Order.

- This is a new program for the Plan 2 effort (that begins in PY4), which would point towards an updated NTGR. Because of the very low level of savings that this program is expected to bring in, we have not targeted this program with an updated NTGR that will be known prior to Ameren planning for Plan 3. Our evaluation budget loosens up in PY6, so we plan to obtain information from contractors in this program year to obtain an NTGR. We are willing to discuss this change from the agreement between Ameren and the ICC that indicates all programs will have an updated NTGR prior to the Plan 3 filing.
- > Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - Residential ENERGY STAR New Homes programs look holistically at building practices in the homes. These are not high-impact measures and are not part of the current Statewide TRM, nor do we recommend that any new construction measure become a deemed measure.
  - There are no measures within this program where additional evaluation activity would help to update components within the Statewide TRM.

## 4. COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL PROGRAM STUDIES

The commercial & industrial (C&I) portfolio is consists of four programs: standard, custom, retrocommissioning, and new construction. We present them here in order of magnitude of overall savings.

#### 4.1 C&I COMMERCIAL STANDARD

The C&I Prescriptive Incentive program offers Ameren business customers fixed incentives for the installation of specific energy efficiency measures. The program covers lighting, variable frequency drives (VFDs), HVAC, refrigeration equipment, and motors. In addition, the program includes an online store available to all business customers that offers a variety of energy saving products, including Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs), exit signs, and vending misers in a convenient and easy to use delivery mechanism.

The C&I Prescriptive Incentive program is the largest contributor to C&I portfolio savings and has received both impact and process evaluations since PY1. During that time, we have performed impact evaluation through TRM review, as well as through telephone verification of measure installation and operation. In PY4, the evaluation team will begin to perform on-site verification activities for large lighting projects given the scope of these projects and the challenge of recalling project details of this magnitude over the phone.

In addition, the evaluation team will implement installation verification approaches for the Standard Program's smaller components such as the Online Store and Direct Install efforts. The following table provides an overview of the evaluation activities planned by year.

Table 16. Commercial Standard Program Evaluation Activities by Year

| Activity   | PY4  | PY5   | PY6                                     |
|--|--|---|---|
| Program Material Review                                  | Х  | Х   | Х                                       |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer Interviews            | X<br>(n=4)                                     | X<br>(n=4)  | X<br>(n=4)                              |
| Energy Advisor or Key<br>Account Executive<br>Interviews | X<br>(n=5)                                     |   | X<br>(n=5)                              |
| Program Ally Internet<br>Survey                          | X<br>(n=70)                                    |   | X<br>(n=70)                             |
| Participant Survey:<br>Standard                          | Installation Verification and NTG (n=180)      | Installation Verification (n=180)                     | Installation<br>Verification<br>(n=180) |
| Participant Survey: DI Effort                            | Installation Verification (n=100)              | Installation<br>Verification<br>(n=100)               | Installation<br>Verification<br>(n=100) |
| Participant Survey:<br>Online Store                      | Installation Verification<br>and NTG<br>(n=90) | Process and<br>Installation<br>Verification<br>(n=90) | Installation<br>Verification<br>(n=90)  |
| Non-Participant Survey                                   |  | X<br>(n=200)  |   |
| Site Visits  | X<br>(n=40)                                    | X<br>(n=40)   | X<br>(n=40)                             |
| Gross Impact Approach                                    | Fixed Values & Site<br>Verification            | Fixed Values & Site<br>M&V                            | Fixed Values & Site<br>M&V              |
| NTG Impact Approach                                      | Fixed Value from Order                         | Fixed Value from<br>Order                             | PY4 Results                             |
| Budget   | \$220,000                                      | \$250,00  | \$210,00                                |

Below we describe the rationale for our planned activities.

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 Given the extensive process evaluation performed between PY1 and PY3, the PY4 evaluation effort will focus on installation verification.
  - We will perform site visits to support the determination of gross impacts for large lighting projects. The team will also use telephone surveys to verify installation for smaller lighting and other project types.
  - Because we have only one year of data for customers in the Online store, we will gather free ridership and spillover information via telephone surveys with participating customers in the Online Store for use prospectively in PY6.

- For all other standard participants, we will continue to apply the fixed NTGR from the Order in PY4.
- The team will assess the performance of newly added Energy Advisor staff in recruiting eligible customers, as well as the growth of the Program Ally Network.
- PY5 Similar to PY4, the PY5 evaluation will focus on impact assessment through telephone and on-site verification. The new EISA standards take effect at the beginning of PY5. These standards require manufacturers to increase efficiency for linear fluorescent bulbs. While T12 bulbs may continue to be manufactured after June 2012 (as there are T12 bulbs meeting the efficiency level already), we expect that companies will have fewer opportunities to purchase T12 replacement bulbs. This may lead to entities retrofitting their linear fluorescent fixtures at a different rate than seen earlier for reasons outside of the program, and a somewhat different NTGR for these lighting retrofits.
  - As in PY4, the team will estimate gross savings based on a combination of on-site Measurement and Verification (M&V) for large lighting projects and telephonebased installation verification.
  - We will gather free ridership and spillover information via telephone surveys with participating customers in the core program for use retroactively for the lighting and fixed NTGR from the Order in PY5 for non-lighting end uses.
  - We will conduct non-participant research to explore barriers to participation and program awareness among key sectors targeted by the ActOnEnergy program (e.g., lodging, agriculture, and commercial kitchens). We have prioritized this research for PY5 to see whether participation in these sectors increases in PY4.
  - In addition, we will conduct process evaluation work with Online Store participants to assess the online experience and the impact of any special initiatives on participation.
- PY6 In the final year of evaluation, the emphasis on impact analysis continues. However, we will also implement specific process evaluation tasks aimed at the Program Ally Network and Energy Advisor staff integral to customer recruitment and relationship building.
  - The team will estimate gross impacts based on on-site and telephone-based verification.
  - We will consider performing additional research on free ridership and spillover for lighting in PY6. However, we expect to apply the NTGR developed in PY5 for lighting and fixed NTGR from the Order for non-lighting end uses to determine net savings attributable to the program.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - As part of the PY3 evaluation of the Standard Program, the team conducted a lighting hours of use (HOU) study to provide Ameren with annual hours of operation and coincidence factor information specific to its territory. Ameren and ICC staff are currently exploring the potential use of this data in the Statewide TRM.

#### 4.2 C&I CUSTOM

The C&I Custom Incentive Program allows Ameren business customers to complete energy efficiency projects that involve the installation of equipment not covered through the Standard Program. The availability of this program option allows customers to propose additional measures and tailor projects to their facility and equipment needs. In general, Custom incentives are available for lighting, HVAC, refrigeration, and motors. Participants can also implement projects involving compressed air, drives, energy management systems, and industrial process measures.

Prior evaluations of this program utilized on-site M&V to provide estimates of gross savings, an approach that will continue through PY6. In addition, the evaluation team will conduct targeted process evaluation to provide actionable feedback to Ameren program staff. The following table provides an overview of the evaluation activities planned by year.

Table 17. C&I Custom Program Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

| Activity  | PY4                       | PY5                       | PY6                       |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Program Material Review                               | Х                         | Х                         | Х                         |
| Program Manager and Implementer Interviews            | X<br>(n=4)                | X<br>(n=4)                | X<br>(n=4)                |
| Energy Advisor Interviews or Key<br>Account Executive | X<br>(n=5)                |                           | X<br>(n=5)                |
| Program Ally Internet Survey                          | X<br>(n=70)               |                           | X<br>(n=70)               |
| Staffing Grant Participant Interviews                 | X<br>(n=10)               |                           |                           |
| Participant Survey                                    |                           | Process and NTG (n=70)    |                           |
| Site Visits   | X<br>(n=60)               | X<br>(n=60)               | X<br>(n=60)               |
| Custom Baseline M&V                                   | X<br>(n=5)                | X<br>(n=5)                | X<br>(n=5)                |
| Gross Impact Approach                                 | Site M&V                  | Site M&V                  | Site M&V                  |
| Net Impact Approach                                   | Fixed Value from<br>Order | Fixed Value from<br>Order | Fixed Value from<br>Order |
| Budget  | \$200,000                 | \$200,000                 | \$180,000                 |

Note: The in-depth interview and Program Ally survey tasks are conducted in conjunction with the Standard Program.

Below we describe the rationale for our planned activities.

#### Studies by year

 PY4 – Our PY4 evaluation effort will focus on impact analysis given the Custom Program's strong performance over the prior three years and the relative consistency in its design and implementation.

- We will perform site visits to support the impact assessment of the Custom program since the program does not use fixed per-unit savings values. As part of this task, we will provide Ameren will site M&V plans for up to 10 sites included in our sample. We expect these to be the largest sites.
- The team will also perform M&V and/or conduct pre-participation meetings with Ameren on up to five large Custom projects to support discussions of the baseline.
   Ameren will choose sites where there is a high level of uncertainty around how the evaluation team will determine baseline savings.
- Based on three years of prior NTG research and consistency in our findings, the team will apply the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY4. However, we will also use interviews with Staffing Grant participants in PY4 to focus specifically on the potential spillover from this program offering. We will revisit the NTGR in PY5.
- In addition, we will implement research tasks aimed at assessing the performance of new program marketing and outreach efforts such as the Staffing Grant Initiative and the addition of Energy Advisor staff.
- PY5 The PY5 evaluation will continue to allocate resources to on-site M&V, but also allow the team to revisit the program's NTGR through customer research.
  - We will gather free ridership and spillover information via telephone surveys with participating customers for use prospectively in PY7. We will continue to apply the fixed NTGR from the Order in PY5.
- PY6 Emphasis on site-based M&V will continue in PY6 given the nature of Custom projects. We will also revisit specific process evaluation tasks geared towards mechanisms for customer recruitment, although we may adjust this focus based on changes to the program throughout the three-year cycle.
  - As in PY4 and PY5, the team will estimate gross impacts based on on-site M&V.
  - We will apply the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY6.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - Custom projects are site specific and therefore generate varied savings. As a result, there are no measures within this program where additional evaluation activity would help to update components within the Statewide TRM.

### 4.3 C&I RETRO-COMMISSIONING

The Retro-Commissioning Program is completing its third year, having begun in PY2. The PY2 evaluation included both impact and process evaluations due to the newness of the program. The PY3 evaluation only included a process evaluation because the savings from the program did not merit back-to-back impact evaluations.

Despite increases in participation, retro-commissioning remains a small portion of the overall portfolio goals. As such, it will have a lower profile in the evaluation scope and budget. For PY4, the evaluation focus will switch from process to impacts. Key program personnel interviews will continue annually.

**Table 18. Retro-Commissioning Program Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year** 

| Activity  | PY4                        | PY5                          | PY6  |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Program Material Review                                 | х                          | х                            | Х  |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer Interviews<br>(SAIC) | X<br>(n=4-5)               | X<br>(n=4-5)                 | X<br>(n=4-5)                               |
| Market Actor Interviews                                 |                            | X<br>(n=5-6)                 |  |
| Participant Survey                                      |                            | Process<br>and NTG<br>(n=16) |  |
| Site Visits   |                            |                              | X<br>(Up to 6)                             |
| Gross Impact Approach                                   | Engineering<br>desk review | Engineering<br>desk review   | Engineering<br>desk review<br>and Site M&V |
| Net Impact Approach                                     | Fixed Value<br>from Order  | Fixed Value from Order       | Fixed Value<br>from Order                  |
| Budget  | \$ 68,000                  | \$ 75,000                    | \$ 88,000                                  |

#### > Studies by year

- PY4 The previous evaluation effort focused on the processes of the program. The
  program implementation has not changed significantly for PY4; therefore, the PY4
  evaluation will focus on program impacts that the evaluation team has not evaluated
  for two years.
  - The Impact evaluation in PY4 is really a new beginning for the impact approach. The PY2 impact evaluation focused on compressed air projects, as these were the only projects in the program. So far, PY4 is roughly 50/50 compressed air and healthcare sector plus one commercial project.
  - Similar to the Custom Program, retro-commissioning evaluation does not use fixed per-unit values for the impact assessment. We will perform engineering reviews of program files in PY4 to determine gross impacts for the program.
  - This program is not new; we have evaluated the net savings previously, and it brings in a relatively small level of savings for the overall portfolio. While we understand that the program is targeting different customers, we will use the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY4.
- PY5 In this evaluation period, we focus our budget on surveys with customers to calculate an NTGR.
  - The gross impact effort will consist of engineering desk review with targeted calls to customers to clarify questions.

- We will collect self-report data for an NTGR from PY5 participants for use prospectively in PY7. We will continue to apply the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY5
- Because we plan to talk directly with customers in PY5, we will also include a short, targeted process assessment of the program. We will inquire about satisfaction with implementation aspects of the program such as interactions with the retrocommissioning agents and quality of the initial audit. We expect to work with Ameren to determine if there are other areas for inclusion.
- PY6 We expect the mix of projects begun in PY4 to continue through PY6. Thus, lessons learned and recommendations from PY4 will facilitate analysis in PY5 and especially PY6 since the later projects will be able to adjust to the PY4 recommendations from the outset.
  - For PY6, we will add on-site M&V effort for gross impacts as well as engineering desk reviews.
  - We will continue to apply the fixed NTGR from the Order for PY6.
- Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - Retro-commissioning programs are site-specific with varied savings. While many of the Ameren projects are based on savings from compressed air systems, the systemsbased approach used through this program is not part of the current Statewide TRM, nor do we recommend that any retro-commissioning measure become a deemed measure.
  - There are no measures within this program where additional evaluation activity would help to update components within the Statewide TRM.

### 4.4 C&I NEW CONSTRUCTION

Ameren expects the commercial new construction program to begin as a separate program in PY5. We will include any new construction projects in our custom analysis for PY4, although we have no plans to call them out separately.

Table 19. Commercial New Construction Planned Evaluation Activities by Program Year

| Activity  | PY4                | PY5  | PY6   |
|---|--------------------|--|---|
| Program Material<br>Review                              |                    | х  | х   |
| Program Manager and<br>Implementer<br>Interviews (SAIC) | This program is    | X  | X   |
| Participant Survey                                      | not planned to be  | X  |   |
| Gross Impact<br>Approach                                | rolled out for PY4 | Engineering desk review of sample or census of projects. Adjust ex ante savings based on engineering review. | Engineering review of sample or census of projects. Adjust ex ante savings based on engineering review. |

| Activity            | PY4 | PY5                    | PY6                    |
|---------------------|-----|------------------------|------------------------|
| Net Impact Approach |     | Fixed Value from Order | Fixed Value from Order |
| Budget              | \$0 | \$17,500               | \$25,000               |

#### Studies by year

- PY4 Ameren has traditionally handled new construction projects within the Custom Program. We expect this to occur once again in PY4 and we have allocated no evaluation funds to this program for PY4. We will include them in our Custom Program evaluation.
- PY5 We expect these projects to move into their own program. Even for PY5, though, probable low participation and low overall level of savings for the portfolio drives our approach.
  - The evaluation will focus on review of program records and confirmation of ex ante savings through an engineering desk review of a sample of sites. (We may perform this review on a census of sites if there are fewer than seven projects in PY5.) This evaluation will determine a realization rate between the ex ante and ex post findings that we will apply to determine the ex post gross impacts.
  - Because there have been new construction rebates available for the past four years, although not within a specific program, we believe that an NTGR calculated in PY5 should be used prospectively. Additionally, we expect this program to have a small level of savings. We will gather information from participants to obtain a self-reported NTGR for prospective use by evaluators in PY7.
  - Because we plan to talk directly with customers in PY5, we will also include a short, targeted process assessment of the program. We will inquire about satisfaction with implementation aspects of the program such as interactions with the implementation team, time to obtain the rebate check, and professional capabilities of the implementation team. We expect to work with Ameren to determine if there are other areas for inclusion.
- PY6 We expect to continue seeing economic difficulties in play, leading to low participation and low expected savings from this program.
  - We will continue our PY5 efforts and determine gross impacts through an engineering review of a sample of projects to calculate a realization rate between the ex ante and ex post findings.
  - We will use the fixed NTGR value from the Order to determine PY6 net impacts.
- > Potential for updating components of the algorithms within the Statewide TRM
  - Commercial New Construction programs may use a systems approach that provides incentives for specific lighting or HVAC systems. However, these are not typically a highimpact measure and are not part of the current Statewide TRM, nor do we recommend that any new construction measure become a deemed measure.

There are no measures within this program where additional evaluation activity would help to update components within the Statewide TRM.

### 5. BUDGET ALLOCATIONS BY YEAR

Opinion Dynamics has worked with all the project managers involved in the evaluation to thoughtfully move evaluation budgets between the three years. The table below provides an overview of the budget allocations by year. These are shown in order based on planned evaluation spending in PY4. Note that the total evaluation budgets shown by year align with our contracted amounts.

**Table 20. Budget Allocations by Program Year** 

|    | Program                            | PY4         | PY5         | PY6         |
|----|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1  | Commercial Standard                | \$220,000   | \$250,000   | \$210,000   |
| 2  | Commercial Custom                  | \$200,000   | \$200,000   | \$180,000   |
| 3  | Residential Lighting               | \$200,000   | \$200,000   | \$90,000    |
| 4  | HVAC                               | \$132,500   | \$158,500   | \$170,000   |
| 5  | Behavioral Modification            | \$80,000    | \$60,000    | \$135,000   |
| 6  | Efficient Products                 | \$74,500    | \$55,000    | \$78,000    |
| 7  | Commercial Retro-<br>Commissioning | \$68,000    | \$75,000    | \$88,000    |
| 8  | Appliance Recycling                | \$58,000    | \$16,500    | \$63,000    |
| 9  | Home Energy<br>Performance/ESHP    | \$46,500    | \$114,000   | \$60,000    |
| 10 | Moderate Income                    | \$34,500    | \$35,000    | \$50,000    |
| 11 | Multifamily                        | \$20,000    | \$80,000    | \$25,000    |
| 12 | Residential New<br>Construction    | \$10,000    | \$10,000    | \$20,000    |
| 13 | Commercial New<br>Construction     | \$0         | \$17,500    | \$25,000    |
|    | Other Evaluation Activities        | \$231,000   |             |             |
|    | Project Management                 | \$82,942    | \$232,602   | \$268,206   |
|    | Planning                           | \$60,000    |             |             |
|    | Contingency                        | -           | \$100,000   | \$100,000   |
|    | TOTAL                              | \$1,517,942 | \$1,604,102 | \$1,562,206 |

As shown in the table above, in addition to the program-specific budgets, approximately 15% of the annual budgets are allocated to tasks such as our work on the Statewide TRM, cost-effectiveness analyses, or evaluations of the program tracking databases. These budgets will be detailed each year. (See the PY4 Evaluation Plan.) Our team has also allocated budget for program management tasks (~5%), such as coordination with Ameren, the ICC, the SAG and/or other Illinois utilities. Again, these will be broken out each year in the annual plans.

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## **HIGH-IMPACT MEASURES**

The statewide effort to create a single technical reference manual (TRM) began in December 2011 and continues through 2012. Table 21 provides the listing of high-impact measures (HIM) for the TRM. The HIM will be created first in the TRM and are the most likely candidates for the evaluation studies to provide updates to specific components of the impact algorithms.

**Table 21. High-Impact Measures in Statewide Technical Reference Manual** 

| Measure | Residential Electric                               | Commercial Electric   | Residential Natural Gas  | Commercial Natural Gas                                  |
|---------|--|---|--|---|
| 1       | Standard Bulbs                                     | T8/T5 New Fluorescent Fixtures<br>with Electronic Ballast         | High-Efficiency Furnace (92% and 95% AFUE), <i>Boilers (AFUE</i> 90-95%) | Steam Trap, Buy Down                                    |
| 2       | Heat Pump Water Heaters >=2.0                      | Pulse Start or Ceramic MH<br>lamps                                | Low• flow shower heads/Aerators  | Furnaces, up to 150 MBTU                                |
| 3       | ER CAC .14.5 SEER                                  | High• Performance or Reduced<br>Wattage Fluor Lamp and<br>Ballast | Air Infiltration Reduction   | Boiler Tune up  |
| 4       | Appliance Recycling • Refrigerators, Freezers, RAC | VSD for HVAC and Process<br>Motors                                | Tankless Water Heater (EF 0.82)  | Hydronic Boilers, 85% or greater                        |
| 5       | Specialty Bulbs                                    | Screw-in CFLs   | Wall Insulation  | HE Pre-Rinse Spray Valve, Low• Flow Pre-Rinse           |
| 6       | Air Sealing Electric CAC                           | Delamp, Fluorescent Lamp, add<br>Reflector                        | Storage Water Heater, E Factor<br>0.67                                   | Boiler Reset Controls, Retrofit                         |
| 7       | ECM added to high-efficiency furnace               | Lighting Occupancy Sensors  | Basement/Sidewall Insulation   | Programmable Thermostat                                 |
| 8       | High-Efficiency Clothes Washers                    | Delamp, Fluorescent Lamp,<br>Ballast, Holders                     | Thermostats  | Tankless Water Heater                                   |
| 9       | Air Source Heat Pumps SEER<br>14.5                 |   |  | Commercial Steamer, ENERGY STAR<br>Rated with E of >38% |
| 10      | Pool Pumps   |   |  | Radiant Heaters/Circulation Fans                        |

Source: 1209 - HIM - Residential Gas.xlsx, High Impact List

# B. Net-to-Gross Framework and Fixed Values by Program

Ameren is required to follow an NTGR framework set out in the re-hearing Order. The Business programs will use a fixed NTGR shown in Table 22 until a new evaluation occurs. The Excel sheets in Appendix C provide the NTGR for residential measures/programs.

**Table 22. Fixed Net-to-Gross Ratios for Business Programs** 

| Program   | Total NTG Factor* |      |      |
|---|-------------------|------|------|
|   | PY4               | PY5  | PY6  |
| Business Standard Incentive                                 | 0.73              | 0.73 | 0.73 |
| Business Custom Incentive                                   | 0.75              | 0.75 | 0.75 |
| Business Retro-Commissioning                                | 0.80              | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| Business New Construction                                   | 0.80              | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| *Inclusive of free ridership spillover and realization rate |                   |      |      |

Source: Staff Group Cross Exhibit No 1 Part 1.pdf. Page 97 of 104.

The net-to-gross framework is described in the Order with the bullet points copied verbatim below:

- 1. Where a program design and its delivery methods are relatively stable over time, and an Illinois evaluation of that program has an estimated NTG ratio, that ratio can be used prospectively until a new evaluation estimates a new NTG ratio.
- 2. In cases that fall under the paragraph above, once new evaluation results exists, these would be used going forward, to be applied in subsequent program years following their determination until the next evaluation, and so on.
- 3. For existing and new programs not yet evaluated, and previously evaluated programs undergoing significant changes either in the program design or delivery, or changes in the market itself NTG ratios established through evaluations would be used retroactively, but could also then be used prospectively if the program does not undergo continued significant changes, similar to the first paragraph above.
- 4. For programs falling under the third paragraph above, deeming a NTG ratio prospectively may be appropriate if: the program design and market are understood well enough to estimate with reasonable accuracy an initial NTG (e.g., based on evaluated programs elsewhere); or it is determined that the savings and benefits of the program are not sufficient to devote the evaluation resources necessary to better estimate a NTG ratio.
- 5. Recommendations of the SAG to the Commission regarding application of this framework shall be submitted with adequate time for Commission review. If the SAG is not in

unanimous agreement in its recommendation, the Commission requests that any recommendation that has the support of more than a majority of SAG members be submitted to the Commission along with a discussion and enumeration of the dissenting opinions.

We have created a three-point set of rules to follow based on the above language that is somewhat simplified.

- 1. If the program design and delivery methods are stable over time and a previous Illinois evaluation has estimated a NTGR, that NTGR is used prospectively until a new value is calculated. When the new value is calculated, it will be applied prospectively.
- 2. For existing programs that have been evaluated previously, but are undergoing significant changes in program design or in the market served by that program, or for existing and new programs that have not yet had an evaluation, a NTGR is calculated and applied retroactively (i.e., for the year in which program participants are included in the research).
- 3. If a previous Illinois evaluation has not occurred, it is possible to deem a NTGR based on secondary research showing other NTGR values from similar programs. This approach is used in two cases:
  - a. If the program design and market is well understood
  - b. If the savings of the program are not sufficient to devote evaluation resources.

We have gone through each program and applied the three-point logic based on our understanding of the programs and markets.

## C. PY4 AGREED FIXED PER-UNIT SAVINGS

The embedded files contain the agreed fixed values for the residential and commercial portfolios.



AIC PY4 RES Measure Values.xlsx



AIC PY4 BUS Measure Values.xlsx

## D. DESCRIPTION OF LATENT GROWTH CURVE ANALYSIS

In support of the Behavioral Modification evaluation in PY6, we propose conducting two impact studies for the OPOWER programs that combine all customers into a single analysis by fuel source, e.g. electric and gas study. To estimate program impacts as well as persistence over time, we propose using Latent Growth Curve Analysis (LGCA). Below we provide some basic information on LGCA at the request of the ICC.

Drawing on LGCA, our team will analyze all Electric and Gas cohorts across time by using a single comparative model. Through this work, we will be able to: (1) estimate total unique impacts by program cohort; (2) total combined impacts by cohort and fuel source; (3) total impacts by fuel source; and (4) persistence curves over time for each fuel source across the cohorts. We describe this method in greater detail.

LGCA provides some advantages over more commonly-used methods for impact evaluations. It predicts kWh consumption patterns, adjusting for climate and other covariates, and also provides a cross-sectional time series analysis. By using LGCA, our team will be able to describe the shape of consumption curves (e.g. first participant consumption goes down, then, levels off, another participant's consumption goes down, then up, then levels off, etc), and how the consumption curves of different groups differ (treatment vs. control, high vs. low consumers, etc).

- ➤ Different Participant Entry Times: If customers enter the messaging program at different times, different program exposure periods will have to be taken into account. In the cross-sectional time series analysis, this would be handled by a length-of-exposure term; in latent growth curve analysis, it would be handled by having the time 1 date be something different for different participants, with those of shorter duration falling out of the analysis later in the program period. (E.g. If the participant was delayed by three months, then they would fall out of the analysis 3 months earlier than early entrants.)
- ➤ Decay Effects: For short-term program follow-ups, it can be difficult to tease out the decay of program effects from seasonal effects. This will be more feasible over a three year period where season/weather effects can be statistically controlled and decay can be modeled while controlling for those variables. A large sample size is also a benefit.
- Market Segmentation: Segmentation can be accomplished based on how customer characteristics predict consumption and savings patterns. The time series cross sectional analysis can do this on the basis of overall savings. The latent growth curve analysis can do it on the basis of the shape of each customer's consumption curve.
- ➤ Accounting for Participants Opting Out: Participants who ask to have reports discontinued will remain in the analysis. Their usage patterns may reflect this decision, and their unique usage patterns can be predicted by either a dummy to represent dropout, or by a series of dummies, one for each time point that indicates when the dropout is in or out of the program for a given month.

In addition to these analytical advantages, some additional statistical advantages of this method are: 1) measurement error can be estimated and removed from the relations of interest, 2) errors can be correlated (over time and between predictor variables), 3) Predictor variables can be

| correlated, and 4) mediating relations can be treatment affects outcomes). These are not triv works over time for different groups. | pe estimated (showing by what mechani<br>ial advantages for understanding how the p | sm the<br>program |
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