Plan 2 – Setting the kWh Goal

Stakeholder Advisory Group Tuesday, July 13th, 2010





kWh Target vs. Spending Screen Dilemma

 As presented previously, the kWh Target and Spending Screen will no longer by in alignment by PY5

		Cycle 1		Cycle 2						
	PY1	PY2	PY3	PY4	PY5	PY6				
EE Goal - % of Energy Delivered	0.2%	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	1.0%	1.4%				
Statutory EE Goal (MWh)	188,729	393,691	584,077	730,000	910,000	1,277,500				
Spending Screen - Max. Increase	0.5%	1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	2.015%	2.015%				
Spending Screen (\$M)	\$ 39.4	\$ 79.6	\$ 120.7	\$ 160.0	\$ 161.0	\$ 162.0				

Achieve kWh target With Spending Screen

Cost to Achieve (Cost per kWh)*	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.13
Pct. Decrease in Spending Screen				0%	19%	42%
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Achieve kWh target Without Spending Screen

Cost to Achieve (Cost per kWh)*	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.22
Required Spending Screen				\$ 160.0	\$ 199.5	\$ 280.0
Pct. Spending Screen Required					2.5%	3.5%

^{* -} First year cost per kWh

• The result is that the kWh Target is not realistic or achievable under the current Spending Screen





ComEd's Portfolio Options

- ComEd believes there are two basic portfolio considerations if the statutory goal is not achievable –
 - Maximize kWh (Lighting)
 - Deliver a Robust Portfolio (diversification)
- Maximize kWh
 - Produce the maximum number of kWh saved under the spending screen
 - Eliminate non-kWh producing activities (e.g., education/outreach, market transformation, demand response)
 - Maximize programs based on cents per kwh (e.g., CFLs)
- Deliver a Robust Portfolio
 - Produce a balanced portfolio of programs and activities that promote energy efficiency across all customer sectors with multiple diverse technologies being offered
- Both scenarios have been previously presented to ICC Staff and the SAG; Both groups had same opinion – Robust Portfolio is preferred
- ComEd Position ComEd's 2nd Plan will be designed to produce a Robust Portfolio of programs and activities which will adhere to required cost-effectiveness tests, but will likely miss the statutory kWh targets due to budget constraints





Plan 1 vs. Plan 2

- Several factors will come in to play in Plan 2, which did not exist in Plan 1; key factors include the following -
 - Change in Lighting standards phase out of current incandescent bulbs over the next several years, which will result in a new baseline (i.e., the CFL or more efficient incandescent bulb) – the role of the CFL ("the magic bullet") in our portfolio will be dramatically reduced over the next several years
 - "Low Hanging Fruit" Plan 1 had the benefit of the pent-up demand in the market place as the key C&I program ("prescriptive") closed early in both PY1 and PY2; minimal marketing and the associated costs were required in either year; this is <u>not</u> expected going forward
 - Higher kWh Target the PY4 target is essentially double the PY2 target; the
 increasingly aggressive goals which need to be achieved across all 3 years will
 require more aggressive marketing, likely higher incentives and different (more
 costly) delivery mechanisms
 - Budget Freeze essentially budgets are frozen after PY4, but goals continue to increase significantly
- Conclusion the "cents per kWh" achieved in the first several years of the portfolio is <u>not</u> sustainable going forward – program costs will increase





kWh Target Calculation

• **PY4**

 ComEd projects to achieve the statutory goal within the spending screen (~\$0.22 per kWh)

• PY5 / PY6

- In delivering a robust balanced portfolio, ComEd will not achieve the statutory kWh target
- ComEd proposes to set annual kWh targets based on the spending screen limit and an increasing cents per kWh
- The magnitude of the increase needs further analysis, but, for illustrative purposes, it has been modeled at both a 1 cent and 2 cent annual increase

Cycle 2										
		PY4 PY5				PY6				
Spending Screen (\$M)	\$	160.0	\$	161.0	\$	162.0				
Scenario 1 - 1 cent annual increase										
Cost to Achieve (Cost per kWh)	\$	0.22	\$	0.23	\$	0.24				
Proposed MWh Target		730,000		700,000		680,000				
Statutory MWH Target		730,000		910,000		1,277,500				
Difference		-		210,000		597,500				
Pct. of Statutory Goal Achieved		100%		77%	53%					
Scenario 2 - 2 cent annual increase										
Cost to Achieve (Cost per kWh)	\$	0.22	\$	0.24	\$	0.26				
Proposed MWh Target		730,000		670,000		620,000				
Statutory MWH Target		730,000		910,000		1,277,500				
Difference		-		240,000		657,500				
Pct. of Statutory Goal Achieved		100%		74%		49%				





Summary

SUMMARY POINTS

- Flat Spending Screen makes statutory goals unachievable in PY5 and PY6
- Robust Portfolio Approach is preferred by key stakeholders
- Program costs are expected to increase over time
- PY5 and PY6 kWh targets will be based on a combination of the spending screen and a projected cents per kWh





Comparison of Other Portfolio Costs

- The table below shows the cents/kwh from other established portfolios around the country
- The table shows comparable sized portfolios cost more than ComEd – a good indicator of the cost-effectiveness of ComEd's portfolio
- Conclusion ComEd's costs are in the appropriate range



