





Preliminary Findings from the ComEd Community Energy Challenge

Presentation to the Energy Efficiency Stakeholders Advisory Group August 4, 2010

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Agenda

- Overview of ComEd Community Energy Challenge
- Results of the Community Energy Challenge
- Conclusions/Lessons Learned
- Next Steps



Community Energy Challenge

OVERVIEW



Community Energy Challenge—Overview

- Community Energy Challenge A municipal partnership pilot project sponsored by ComEd, with assistance from DCEO and the Metropolitan Mayors Caucus
- 12 "green" municipalities invited to participate in a year-long competition to reduce energy consumption while advancing sustainability goals
- \$2 million in EE incentives reserved for CEC participants; SEDAC audits and ongoing technical assistance provided
- \$100,000 cash award for CEC winner



Community Energy Challenge—Overview

- Participants asked to develop a municipal energy plan that included the following
 - EE education and outreach plan
 - Plan to reduce electricity and gas consumption in municipal operations
 - Plan to assist ComEd in the cost-effective delivery of incentives
 - Plan to achieve municipal sustainability objectives
- 10 municipalities submitted plans
 - Aurora, Carol Stream, Elgin, Evanston, Highland Park, Hoffman Estates, Oak Park, Orland Park, Schaumburg, Wilmette



Community Energy Challenge—Overview

- An independent panel convened by ComEd evaluated the plans twice
 - When they were turned in, based on estimated performance and overall Plan Design
 - At the end of the program year (6/1/09 5/31/10), based on actual performance
- Panel used a credit-based system that awarded points for performance
- Results were normalized to help ensure that no municipality had an advantage over another due to size



Community Energy Challenge

RESULTS



- Project timing and the "spillover effect"
 - All CEC results in subsequent slides are for the 6/1/09 5/31/10 performance period only.
 - Some ComEd SIYB projects and DCEO Public Sector projects, delivered with the help of CEC participants, took place after the 5/31/10 deadline (i.e., PY3).



- 9 municipalities reduced energy consumption in their communities while advancing municipal sustainability goals
 - 29,669,824 kWh energy saved
 - 21,308 MTC02e emissions reduced
 - 251,637,650 gallons of water saved
- In addition, CEC participants
 - Communicated incentives program information and "calls to action" to businesses, residents and units of local government in their communities



- CEC participants (cont.)
 - Helped ComEd deliver incentives to businesses and residents, including hard-to-reach groups
 - Helped DCEO deliver incentives to units of local government
 - Leveraged local, federal and private funds to supplement the delivery of incentives
 - Expanded the network of ComEd Trade Allies
 - Participated in the Metropolitan Mayors Caucus' 2009 IECC residential code project, which included code training and best practices gap analyses, and was funded by ComEd and ICECF



- Businesses and residents in CEC communities participated in ComEd incentive programs at a higher rate than those in non-CEC communities
 - SIYB
 - 2,835,705 kWh SIYB incentives delivered with the aid of CEC participants
 - 5 of the top 10 municipalities in Prescriptive applications were CEC participants (out of 272 municipalities total)
 - Appliance Recycling
 - 1,507 units recycled by nine CEC participants
 - In number of units recycled, CEC participants ranked in the top 45 out of 792 units of local government
 - All-Electric Multi-family
 - 5 participants helped deliver 1,148 MF units (28.4% of total MF units delivered by 34 municipalities, including Chicago)



- Units of local government in CEC communities exhibited high levels of participation in DCEO's Public Sector incentive program
 - 2,818,416 kWh energy saved by eight CEC participants
 - **\$ 603,208 in PY2 incentives** (additional \$100,000+ in PY3 incentives)



- CEC participants used existing channels of communication to deliver ComEd program information and calls to action
 - Used municipal websites, Facebook pages, cable channels, newsletters, email listservs and other media to deliver EE information (All Participants)
 - Used electronic media and public events to recruit ENERGY STAR Pledge participants (Aurora, Carol Stream, Elgin, Evanston, Hoffman Estates, Orland Park, Schaumburg)
 - Facilitated LED holiday light exchange at public events (All Participants)



- CEC participants leveraged existing processes/delivery channels to share EE/incentives information and tools
 - Distributed CFLs when conducting property maintenance inspections on rental housing (Orland Park)
 - Integrated the distribution of EE and incentives information to businesses into annual fire inspection process (Carol Stream)
 - Educated businesses about SIYB incentives through municipal economic development processes (Aurora, Schaumburg)
 - Integrated Appliance Recycling program information and call to action into municipal recycling events (Aurora, Carol Stream, Schaumburg)
 - Distributed CFLs to residents through police department's Safer Neighborhood Area Project (Evanston)
 - Integrate incentives information into contractor licensing/renewal and building permitting processes (Aurora, Orland Park)



- CEC participants established partnerships motivated by complementary interests
 - Partnered with business associations to recruit new Trade Allies (Aurora, Evanston)
 - Partnered with business associations to help deliver SIYB incentives (Aurora, Carol Stream, Evanston, Oak Park, Schaumburg)
 - Partnered with Trade Allies and local university to train student volunteers to conduct energy audits and help deliver SIYB incentives to hard-to-reach small businesses (Evanston)
 - Partnered with local "green" groups and school environmental clubs to deliver EE/incentives information (Elgin, Orland Park)
 - Partnered with community college to offer "green jobs" training (Aurora)
 - Partnered with a local recycler to offer a community-wide electronics recycling event (Carol Stream)



- CEC participants leveraged public and private funds for energy efficiency and renewable energy
 - Used federal funds (e.g., EECBG, HUD NSP) to supplement delivery of EE incentives to businesses and residents by providing energy audits or retrofit grants/loans (Aurora, Elgin, Schaumburg)
 - Used municipal funds in existing grant/loan programs to promote energy efficiency (Aurora, Orland Park)
 - Used private foundation funds to subsidize cost of municipal EE/RE projects (Evanston, Schaumburg)



- CEC participants accelerated market transformation by making EE resources available to the public
 - Made energy monitoring devices available through public libraries (Orland Park)
 - Created a municipal sustainability position (Aurora, Elgin, Evanston, Oak Park)
 - Partnered with a local community college to offer Building Operators Certification and Building Analyst/Building Envelope Certification training (Aurora)



- CEC participants accelerated market transformation by exercising municipal authority
 - Hosted residential energy code training sessions for local design professionals/conducted targeted mailing to design professionals (Aurora, Wilmette)
 - Enhanced energy code compliance by augmenting building permitting and inspection processes (Aurora, Orland Park, Oak Park, Wilmette)
 - Adopted Green Building Ordinance mandating LEED Silver construction for all new commercial, MF and municipal buildings over 10,000 s.f. (Evanston)
 - Created green permitting incentives (Aurora, Orland Park)
 - Incorporated EE components in existing façade rebate, historic preservation and housing renovation grant programs (Aurora, Elgin, Oak Park, Orland Park)



Community Energy Challenge

CONCLUSIONS/LESSONS LEARNED



Conclusions/Lessons Learned

- The ComEd/State/municipal partnerships delivered benefits
 beyond what each would have produced individually
 - Municipalities' established delivery channels and relationships can be leveraged to the benefit of ComEd, DCEO and the municipality itself
 - SEDAC audit program extremely useful tool in delivering Public Sector and SIYB incentives
- Corollaries:
 - Municipalities can serve as valuable Trade Allies, reducing utility program marketing and delivery costs
 - Municipalities are effective at reaching hard-to-reach groups



Conclusions/Lessons Learned

- Municipalities need technical assistance to identify resources such as utility incentives and integrate them into budget, planning and program delivery processes
- The \$100,000 prize was less of a motivating factor for CEC participants than the fact they were recognized as environmental sustainability leaders, competing with their peers



Community Energy Challenge

NEXT STEPS



Next Steps

- Compile and share project ideas with all CEC participants
- Conduct a statistical analysis of ComEd (and DCEO?)
 incentive program data for CEC and non-CEC communities
- Compare cost of CEC program to cost of other utility municipal partnership program designs

